

# THE GREENCASTLE TIMES.

VOL. 5, NO. 35.

GREENCASTLE, INDIANA, THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1886.

\$1.25 PER YEAR.

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**B. F. JORWIN.**  
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OFFICE: In Williamson's Block.

**A WOMAN'S HAND.**  
T was a modest house in a humble street,  
Where poverty made its home,  
Where few of the belles and beaux we meet  
Were ever inclined to roam.  
That out of the dingy darkness glowed  
Like a gem in an iron band,  
Because of one little room that showed  
The touch of a woman's hand.  
The glass in the window shown bright and clear,  
And the curtains of woven lace  
Gave an aristocratic atmosphere  
To the very plebeian place;  
And 't was easy to see that the most was made  
Of the little wealth at command  
By these outward tokens, that well betrayed  
The touch of a woman's hand.  
And many a house seems full of gloom,  
A dark and desolate place,  
Because there's lacking from every room  
This mark of feminine grace;  
For there isn't a dwelling, high or low,  
In the length and breadth of the land  
That doesn't its sweet attraction owe  
To the touch of a woman's hand.  
But ah! not only to decorate  
And adorn the pilgrim's tent,  
Is a woman endowed with a power so great,  
So strangely beneficent;  
For even the little blossoms that grow  
And beautify all the land,  
Bloom sweetly for her, and appear to know  
The touch of a woman's hand.  
And when in sickness and sore distress,  
O'erwearied in heart and brain,  
How we long for the hand that was wont to bless  
And soothe every ache and pain!  
The touch that was tender, and soft and kind,  
The warm compassionate palm  
That gave new strength to the weakened mind,  
And furnished the healing balm.  
And, oh, it is true that the tender touch  
So ready its good to impart,  
With a speech of its own, expressing much,  
Comes straight from a tender heart,  
And all humanity, high or low,  
In the length and breadth of the land,  
Can be lifted up, or debased, we know,  
By the touch of a woman's hand.  
—(JOSEPHINE POLLARD in New York Ledger.)

**PENCILINGS.**  
Is it warm enough?  
Sunday was about the warmest of the season.  
Republican county convention one week from Saturday.  
The heated term may be considered as fairly under way.  
The Russellville "Old Settlers' " picnic will be held August 5.

The printer should always be remembered after the harvest.  
Go to the K. of L. picnic at Fern Saturday and enjoy a pleasant day.  
Wheat has been on the down grade this week and has got into the sixties.  
The Battle Ground camp meeting near Lafayette commences tomorrow.

The many discomforts of the recent dry spell make a stout argument for water works.  
A good soaking rain would be worth many dollars in this part of the vineyard just now.

A number of our Republicans are at Franklin to day attending the Congressional convention.

No more prolific season than the present for fruit, grain and general garden truck has been known in many years.

Old settlers meetings next Thursday, both at Russellville and Gosport. You can enjoy yourself at either place.

The Veedersburg Courier is the latest explosion in the newspaper line. Freeman Miller was editor and proprietor.

Sportsmen may lawfully shoot game in this State between the following dates: Quail or pheasant, Oct. 15 to Dec. 20; prairie chicken, Sept. 1 to Feb. 1; woodcock, July 1 to Jan. 1; duck, Sept. 1 to April 15; deer, Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.

**THE FLY.**  
Oh, the fly's a riser early  
Now a days,  
And he makes the sleeper surly  
With his lays;  
He is very, very fresh  
And he has an eye for flesh  
To amaze.  
He's a most persistent fellow—  
Is the fly;  
You may kick the bedstead mellow,  
Or may try,  
But you cannot frighten him;  
He'll return with greater vim  
By-and-by.  
Well he knows a perfect sleeping  
From pretence;  
And he knows when he is creeping,  
How immense  
Is your rage, but still he goes.  
O'er the flesh that you expose  
And through rents.  
If he thought that you would strike him  
With your fist,  
Or if you were up just like him,  
He'd desist;  
For the names of lazy men  
He has written with a pen  
On his list.  
—(Columbus Dispatch.)

**A Magnificent Edition.**  
Prof. Ridpath's publishers are preparing an *edition de luxe* of his now famous and highly successful Universal History. We have seen a volume of the new edition and it is certainly to be a most magnificent sample of the printers' and binders' art. The edition will consist of one thousand sets to be sold at one hundred dollars per set. There will be eight volumes, printed on the finest of plate paper, beautifully illustrated and illuminated, and encased in the most elegant and durable binding. Each volume will contain one or more original etchings, prepared especially for the work, and other novel and beautiful departures. The exclusive sale of this edition will be in the hands of the somewhat noted Corporal Tanner, of New York, who is confident that he will be able to dispose of it entire in the cities of New York and Brooklyn. Prof. Ridpath is to be congratulated upon the marked success of his history. It is having a large sale everywhere.  
Charles Mercer, Esq.

Chas. Mercer and wife came over from Lafayette to visit relatives last Thursday, and Mr. Mercer immediately returned to Terre Haute. Mrs. Mercer swore out a warrant charging him with wife desertion, and Saturday Marshal Starr went over to Terre Haute and, with the assistance of the superintendent of police of that city, Mercer was captured. He was brought to this city and taken into the police court and fined \$25 and costs by Mayor McClary. Not having the necessary cash about his clothes he went to jail, but was released Sunday, a friend coming over and paying his fine.  
It seems that the parties were only married last week. Mrs. Mercer is a sister of Mrs. John Humes, of this city.

**Mail Robbery at the Junction.**  
The L. N. A. & C. R'y train which comes north every morning at 1:10 a. m. puts off a mail at the Junction which is taken on the Vandalia train east at 2:30. It was put off as usual Tuesday morning in two sacks, and was stolen by some party or parties and carried up the track about a hundred yards. The sacks were both cut open with a sharp knife and the letters very carefully and leisurely opened. It is not definitely known whether any valuables were taken or not, but there was undoubtedly something of value in the sacks. Marshal Starr arrested a tramp and put him in jail Tuesday morning but as yet has no evidence against him.

**Greencastle Signal Office Weather Report**  
Means for month ending July 27.  
Barometer and precipitation in inches, temperature and dew-point in degrees, humidity in per cent, wind in miles, cloudiness in tenths.  
1885. Day. 1886. Day  
Barometer, cor., 29.98 29.90  
Temperature, 77. 74.  
Dew point, 71. 62.  
Humidity rel., 86. 67.  
Ther. maximum, 87. 84.  
Ther. minimum, 72. 65.  
Hourly wind 3.5 4.8  
Cloudiness 5.6 1.8  
Total Precip. 3.37 0.00  
Total Wind, 584. 804.  
Highest Daily—  
Mean temp. 81. 21 79. 25  
Max. ther. 91. 21 88. 25  
Min. " 77. 21 73. 26  
Bar. reading 30.08 27 30.10 23  
Wind Vel. 120. 23 175 22  
Precipitation 1.56 22 0.00

**Lowest Daily—**  
Mean tem. 74. 22 69. 21  
Max. ther. 83. 27 78. 71  
Min. Ther. 70. 27 56. 23  
Bar. reading, 29.90 24 29.73 26  
Wind Vel. 65. 22 84. 25  
**General—**  
Range of Temp, 21. 31.  
Highest h. wind 30. NW 16 16 S. 21  
Prevailing " SW S.  
No. days clear, 1 5  
" " fair, 4 2  
" " cloudy, 2 0  
" " rain 6 1  
" " dewfall 0 2  
" " frost 0 0  
" " thun. s. 6 1  
Clear, cool, dry windy, compared with last year, same week.  
ORIN PARKER,  
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.  
Advertise in THE TIMES.

## THE GUN CLUB.

**A Successful Tournament, Good Attendance and Some Excellent Shooting.**  
The Second annual tournament under the auspices of the Greencastle Gun Club came off Wednesday, Thursday and Friday at the ball park and the programme was successfully carried out. Some very good shooting was indulged in, mostly by visitors. The weather was all that could have been desired by sportsmen. Following is the official score:  
1st Shoot: 5 single Blue Rock, entrance \$2, purse \$30; first money divided between Staff and Voris; 2nd money divided between Parsons and Snyder; 3rd money divided between Burk and Hackleman.  
2nd shoot: 10 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$3, purse \$36; 1st money divided between Snyder, Flynn and Staff; 2nd money, Ball; 3rd money divided between Mitchell and Voris.  
3rd Shoot: 10 single English Sparrows, entrance \$3, purse \$45; 1st money, Snyder; 2nd divided between Barkus and Bell; 3rd money, Thompson.  
4th Shoot: 10 single Blue Rock, entrance \$2, purse \$30; 1st money divided between Staff and Mitchell; 2nd money, Hackleman; 3rd money, Flynn.  
5th Shoot: 3 pair Blue Rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$30; 1st money, Parsons; 2nd money divided between Staff and Voris; 3rd money, Bell.  
6th Shoot: 2 pair and 3 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$2.50, purse \$22.50; 1st money divided between Voris and Flynn; 2nd money, Parsons; 3rd money, O'Neal.  
7th Shoot: 5 single English Sparrows, entrance \$3, purse \$27; 1st money divided between Snyder and Thomas; second money, Voris; third money, Parsons.  
8th Shoot: 5 single English Sparrows, entrance \$2, purse \$14; First money, Snyder and Parsons; second Burk and Thomas.  
9th Shoot: 8 single Blue Rock, entrance 25c, purse \$20; First money divided between Voris and Hackleman; second, O'Neil and Litzel; third money, Parsons.  
10th Shoot: 10 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$2.50, purse 25; First money, Parsons; second money, Miller; third money, Thomas.  
11th Shoot: English sparrows, miss and out, entrance \$1; money divided between Thomas and Roots.  
12th Shoot: 5 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$14; First money Voris and Hackleman, second Parsons.  
13th Shoot: Miss and out, entrance \$1, purse \$7, won by Parson.  
14th Shoot: 5 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$18; First money Tucker, Voris and Parsons, second Staff and Snyder, third Hackleman and Thomas.  
15th Shoot: 3 pairs Blue Rocks, entrance \$3, purse \$12; First money Voris, second Staff and Thomas.  
16th Shoot: 5 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$20; First money, Parsons and Voris; second money Snyder and Hackleman; third Staff and Thomas.  
17th Shoot: 5 single live pigeons, entrance \$5, purse \$50; First money Roots and Staff, second Voris and Hackleman, third Burk and Parsons.  
18th Shoot: Miss and out, live pigeons, entrance \$1; money divided, Staff and Voris.  
19th Shoot: 7 single English sparrows, entrance \$3, purse \$24; First money Parsons, second Snyder, third Voris.  
20th Shoot: Miss and out, Cleveland Blue Rocks, entrance \$1; won by Voris.  
21st Shoot: 8 single Blue Rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$12; First money Parsons, second Staff.  
22nd Shoot: 3 pair blue rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$10; First money Staff, second Voris.  
23rd Shoot: 5 single English sparrows, entrance \$2, purse \$14; First money Voris, second Job and Snyder.  
24th Shoot: Miss and out, English sparrows, entrance \$1; purse divided, Snyder and Staff.  
25th Shoot: 5 single blue rocks, entrance \$2, purse \$12; First money Staff, second Snyder and Voris.  
26th Shoot: Miss and out, Blue

Rocks, entrance \$1; Money divided, Parsons and Snyder.

By request of the home shooters the managers of the gun club are arranging for a one day's shoot to take place in about three weeks. Only amateurs and home talent will be allowed to participate and all professionals will be rigidly barred.

**St. Nicholas for August, 1886.**  
Goes out-of doors to seek congenial topics for its readers, who are spending their vacations by the sea, among the mountains, or in country homes.

The frontispiece, by Mary Halleck Foote, gives us a bright glimpse of child-life at the seaside, while the opening article, "A Rocky mountain Hermit," by Alfred Terry Bacon, is a delightful account of a Robinson Crusoe summer spent among the birds, the beasts and the mountains of Wyoming.

Ripley Hitchcock, who wrote last month about "Fly-fishing for Trout," contributes, in "A Royal Fish," a description of the methods and the joys of salmon-fishing, which is freely illustrated by anecdotes, and with pictures by W. L. Sheppard, Henry Sandham and others. "On the Wiley-Brook Trestle" is an exciting vacation story of the White Mountains, by Willis Boyd Allen. A new and original out door game, called "Regatta," is described by Frank Bellew. In spite of its nautical name, it is played ashore, though it has a strong sea flavor. The "Work and Play" department is also of an amphibious character this month, and contains "A Rope Yarn Spun 'y an Old Sailor," C. W. Miller, who describes some of the most useful knots and splices employed by mariners, but applicable to terrestrial purposes.

## The Farmer and his Farm in August.

August may be a very busy month yet there is no month in the year when many farmers can better take a play-spell, and make a journey to the mountains, or to the seaside with their families, tarrying on the way to visit friends, or famous stock farms, or dairies or cheese factories, or other objects of interest. Summer crops are "laid by," the turnip crop is in, winter grains are safe in stack or mow, spring grains may be ready to cut, and as soon as this is done, comes the farmer's holiday. How much good it does the whole family, who can be spared from the superintendence of the house, the farm and the dairy, to take such a vacation. All should have their turn, though they can go but one or two at a time; and no one should be more sure to go than she whom it is so hard to persuade to leave, even for one day, the daily round of home duties—the good house mother. Turnips will make a good crop sown the first week in August; even swedes do well on light, rich land, and the small roots, as big round as a pint cup, are more marketable than the bigger ones. After the rain softens the sward, we may plow for wheat, and in some sections it is a great advantage to sow early and seed to grass. In some sections the practice of early seedling to grass, without the intervention of a grain crop, is successfully followed. This only abstracts value from the soil which would otherwise be appropriated by the grass. Early plowing is a great advantage to land intended for winter grain especially if weedy, or if some what stiff; repeated working mellow the soil, makes sure of a good catch of grass seed and defends against winter killing. In case the season is dry—and it generally is, over a great part of the country—no more favorable time can be selected for digging drains with a view to improving swamps. If the actual reclaiming cannot now be pushed, the land may easily be dried, so that it can be grubbed and further ditched during the autumn and winter.—*American Agriculturist for August.*

**Born.**  
KUBNS—In Brick Chapel, July 20, to Andrew Kubns and wife—a daughter.

**CRAWLEY**—In Greencastle township, July 21, to Joseph Crawley and wife—a son.  
A new departure for good. Drs. Hill & Cooper, Homeopathic Physicians, furnish prescriptions free.

**Smells to Heaven.**  
The very warm weather of the past few days has brought out the strength of that octagonal public repository in the court house yard until it smells to heaven; and the offensive odor that permeates the stilly atmosphere of evenings is all but unbearable, and enough to cause the denizens of the square to fly to the suburbs and the woods. That institution as now maintained is a nuisance and a standing menace to the health and happiness of the community. It should be abolished instantly.

## ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

A big crowd from this city is attending the Old Settlers' Reunion at Cloverdale today. An immense train went south this morning well loaded with picnickers. A ball club from this place will play for the prize of \$15 this afternoon, offered by the management for the best club.  
The new sleepers "Salem" and "Manlius," recently turned out of the Pullman shops for the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway Company, and now running between Chicago and Louisville, are models of excellence and comfort and are attracting a large share of the travel over the popular "Monon Route."

We have received with compliments of the Monon route passenger department, "Social Amusements," a handsome little book of parlor games, tricks, chorades, tableaux, &c. It is a choice and interesting collection. Write to Wm. S. Baldwin, General passenger Agent Monon Route, Chicago, Ill., enclosing three cents in postage stamps, and a copy will be sent you by return mail.

Mrs. Dr. Hawkins, of Greencastle, is visiting relatives in the city. \* \* Prof. O. P. Jenkins left yesterday morning for Greencastle, where he will assume the chair of biology in De Pauw University. \* \* \* Miss Mamie Unison, of Greencastle, is visiting her sister, Mrs. P. H. Daily, of North Fourteenth street. Miss Mamie's many friends here will welcome her return.—*Terre Haute Express.*

"It is a pleasant thing," remarks an exchange, "to see a community where all pull together for the general good; where everything is done that can be done to foster and sustain every good work and worthy business enterprise; where the building up of the town and the happiness and welfare of her citizens are the first considerations. A town or community in which such principles exist is sure to be one of high moral status and a pleasant place in which to live."

Frank Cannon, the well known tailor of Greencastle, and Henry Geers, of Cincinnati, recently with F. A. Hays, have purchased the stock and fixtures of James Daggy's merchant tailoring establishment, and have opened up a new house in the old stand. Mr. Geers is a first-class cutter, and Mr. Cannon is a tailor of well known capabilities. We bespeak success for the new firm, and would call the attention of our readers to their advertisement in another column.

At the council meeting Monday the following levy of taxes for 1886 was made: Eighty five cents on the hundred dollars for general purposes and fifteen cents on each one hundred dollars to pay principal and interest on school bonds due May 1, 1887. Fifty cents on each poll for general purposes and twenty-five cents for principal and interest on school bonds. One dollar on each male and two dollars on each female dog. Twenty cents on the hundred dollars of all taxables of all persons who are transferred to the city for school purposes.

Dr. H. A. Gobin, professor of Greek language and Literature in DePauw University, has been tendered the presidency of Simpson College at Indianola, Iowa, and is now in that city looking into the position. It is thought by some of the Doctor's friends that he will accept, although we should regret to chronicle such a determination on his part. Dr. Gobin is now one of the most earnest, valuable, influential members of the faculty of DePauw and the institution cannot afford to lose him.

## THE WORK IN CONGRESS.

WHAT IS BEING DONE IN THE CLOSING DAYS OF THE SESSION.

Measures Proposed and Bills Introduced by Our National Law-Makers—A Digest of the Week's Work in the Senate and House—Interesting Items from the Hub of the Nation.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 21.—Cockrell reported the house bill proposing to loan tents to veterans gatherings adversely to the senate Tuesday, saying the war department did not have the tents. A number of vetoed pension bills were reported back with the recommendation that they be passed; among them was Komeiser's, which was passed by the house. The oleomargarine bill was taken up, and after considerable debate, amendments were voted on. Three amendments were adopted: One reducing the tax to 2 cents per pound; one inserting the word "knowingly" in connection with the sale of the product, and one striking out the minimum penalties. The vote was then taken on the passage of the bill and resulted: Ayes, 31; nays, 24.

After a personal explanation by Hatch, of Missouri, chairman of the committee on agriculture, denouncing as false the assertions of Ingalls in the senate Monday, the house non-concurred in the senate amendments to the naval appropriation bill, and conference was appointed. In committee of the whole the river and harbor bill was taken up, and the chance made in the bill by the senate was decided to consist of one amendment. Randall moved to strike out the Hennepin canal clause, rejected—49 to 103. Hewitt moved to strike out the item for New York harbor on the ground that the appropriation would be expended by men who had no definite plans for the work. The vote stood 88 to 51, and the point of no quorum having been made, the committee rose and Morrison reported back the adjournment resolution. Pending action the house took recess until 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 22.—Van Wyck presented in the senate Wednesday a batch of petitions from the Knights of Labor in favor of land forfeiture bills and opening the territory of Oklahoma, together with a letter from the board of the K. of L. certifying to the genuineness of the petitions. Van Wyck said railway presidents did not need petitions, as the doors of congress were thrown open to them whenever they appeared. He was in favor of the passage of the bills referred to. The Payne case was then taken up and Pugh and Logan spoke against an investigation, while Hour, admitting that there was no evidence presented showing wrong on the part of Senator Payne, still thought an investigation should be held, to the end that it might be known that the senate would, so far as in it lay, protect the purity of the ballot. Logan laid the whole matter to newspaper clamor, and said there was no evidence presented that would justify an inquiry. He referred to the attack made upon himself and other senators, because of their action, and said the idea was that certain Republicans who were supposed to have presidential aspirations—which he disclaimed for himself—were to be killed off, and that explained the attacks. The debate was pending when the senate adjourned, Teller having the floor.

Morrison's adjournment resolution was adopted by the house Wednesday by a vote of 145 to 29. In committee of the whole the house then considered the river and harbor bill. Hewitt withdrew his amendment striking out the appropriation for New York harbor. The senate amendment was non-concurred in and the bill sent to conference committee. The senate interstate commerce bill was then considered.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 23.—The senate Thursday passed bills to pay each of the enlisted men of the Greely expedition \$700 in lieu of commutation, and granting to Sarah E. Norton, volunteer nurse during the war, a pension of \$25 per month; also fourteen other pension bills, including one of \$40 per month to the wife of Sergt. Plunkett, of Massachusetts. The conference report on the naval appropriation bill was agreed to, and the Payne debate resumed. Teller concluding his speech. He was followed by Sherman, who urged with great earnestness that an investigation be held, which he believed would entirely exculpate Payne. Frye argued on the same side, and both expressed regret that Payne had not demanded an investigation. It was arranged that a vote on the question should be taken Friday, after which the senate adjourned.

The oleomargarine bill came up in the house on Friday reporting it back as a matter of privilege. Teller was antagonized, Dunn making the point of order that the bill was not a privileged question, and the point was sustained. Committees were then called for reports, and soon the oleo bill was reached in the regular order on a report that the senate amendments be not concurred in. The bill was referred to committee of the whole, and went to the foot of the calendar, and to reach it the revenue bills had to be laid aside. In order to do this the house went into committee, and on the Morrison tariff bill being reached, Morrison asked that it be laid aside when the tactics of the opponents of the oleo bill were developed. Dunham objected, the objection had to be reported to the house, where the bill was laid aside, and the committee of the whole resumed its session. The next revenue bill was the notice of the termination of the Hawaiian treaty. Dunham demanded its reading and then objected to laying it aside. In this way each bill was objected to, and time was consumed until 4:30 p. m., when the bill regulating the manufacture of vinegar from grain was reached. This bill the friends of the oleo bill debated, so that it should be unfinished business at adjournment, and a humorous discussion was kept up until 5 p. m., when the house adjourned, the vinegar bill being pending.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 24.—Blair made a personal explanation in the senate Friday, denying newspaper reports that he had been interested in a claim against the government since his election to congress. He seemed to think the reports had arisen from something said by the West Virginia senators, but both of those gentlemen disclaimed any connection with the matter, which was on motion of Blair, referred to the privileges and elections committee. A resolution was introduced by Edmunds authorizing the foreign affairs committee to sit during recess to inquire if any rights of American fishermen in Canadian waters had been violated by the Dominion government. The Payne case again came up and was debated by Call, Hawley and Evans, the first two last opposing an investigation and Hawley claiming that the senate should ascertain whether there was any fire where there was so much smoke. At the conclusion of Evans' speech the vote was taken and the majority report declaring against an inquiry adopted—41 to 17. The house ordered a night session Saturday for the consideration of land forfeiture bills, and then went into committee on revenue bills and the slow business of reading, voting upon and laying aside bills was continued, among those laid aside being the Randall tariff bill. At last the object of the proceedings—the oleo bill—was reached, a fact that was applauded, and Hatch said

the agricultural committee had changed its mind on the bill and ordered him to move to concur in the senate amendments, which he did. Dunham said the bill was an electioneering dodge, and after a short debate the committee rose and reported the bill to the house, which concurred in the senate amendments and passed it—175 to 75. On a motion to discharge the privileges and elections committee from further consideration of the Payne case, the committee rose and reported the bill to the house, which concurred in the senate amendments and passed it—175 to 75. On a motion to discharge the privileges and elections committee from further consideration of the Payne case, the committee rose and reported the bill to the house, which concurred in the senate amendments and passed it—175 to 75.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 25.—In the senate, Saturday, Coke offered a resolution discharging the finance committee from further consideration of the surplus resolution, and said he would call it up Monday. Edmunds' resolution of inquiry into the Canadian fishery troubles was adopted. A resolution, providing for the collection and printing of all presidential vetoes, from the organization of the government to the present time, was adopted. The sundry civil bill then came up, and the senate went back to the clause requiring the treasury to issue silver certificates of the denominations of \$1, 2, and 5. After several amendments had been proposed and voted on, the committee of the whole adopted the clause in the following shape: "And the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and required to issue silver certificates in denominations of \$1, \$2, and \$5; and the silver certificates herein authorized shall be receivable, redeemable, and payable in like manner and for like purposes as is provided for silver certificates by the act of Feb. 28, 1878, entitled 'an act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal tender character'; provided, That said denominations of \$1, \$2, and \$5 may be issued in lieu of silver certificates of larger denominations in the treasury, and to that extent said certificates of larger denominations shall be canceled and destroyed." The clause appropriating money for the construction of the capitol terraces was adopted, making the amount \$50,000. Other items of general interest in the bill as completed by the senate were twenty-five thousand dollars for education of children in Alaska; \$25,000 for salaries of the Missouri river commission, and \$100,000 for the Mississippi river commission. After a lively debate an amendment by Blair providing that none of the money appropriated for the Bartholdi statue inauguration shall be used to purchase intoxicating drinks or cigars was adopted. Back exclaiming, "Oh this is too ridiculous!"

The house immediately on assembling went into committee on the naval increase bill, and after debating it and amending it in several particulars, reported it to the house, where Herbert moved as a substitute for the whole bill a bill agreed to by the house committee, which contemplates an expenditure of \$10,000,000, of which \$8,500,000 is to be available during the present year. It authorizes the construction of two sea-going, armored vessels at a cost of \$3,500,000; one protected, double-bottomed cruiser, \$1,500,000; and one first-class torpedo boat, at \$1,000,000. For the completion of the unfinished monitors the bill appropriates \$3,175,046, and for the armament of the monitors, the unfinished cruisers and the vessels authorized to be constructed under the bill, \$1,000,000. The secretary of the navy is also authorized to contract with the Pneumatic Dynamite Gun company of New York for one dynamite gun cruiser 330 feet in length, of twenty knots speed, and equipped with three pneumatic dynamite guns of ten and one-half inch caliber, capable of throwing a dynamite shell one mile every two minutes. The cost of the vessel is not to exceed \$500,000. The original bill provided for an immediate appropriation of \$4,000,000, and a total expenditure of about \$4,000,000 in excess of the aggregate appropriation contemplated in the present bill. The substitute was agreed to and the bill passed, and the house took a recess until 8 p. m., the evening session to be for consideration of railway land forfeiture bills.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 27.—A bill was passed Monday by the senate directing the labor commissioners to investigate the subject of convict labor. A resolution requesting the president to send to the senate information regarding the arrest by Mexican authorities of A. K. Cutting, was adopted. The deficiency bill was again taken up and its reading completed, after which amendments were adopted: to pay \$72 to Chester A. Arthur on account of expenses as collector at New York; to pay \$24,000 to importers for excessive duties collected; for the payment to non-subsidized railways operated by the Central Pacific for mail transportation, \$20,714; to pay the Minnesota Chippewa Indians \$250,000; to pay the family of the late Secretary Hunter one year's salary. Other amendments were disposed of and the bill was passed. The fortifications bill was reported and the house bill to increase the navy laid before the senate, after which the senate went into executive session until 5 p. m., when executive session was resumed until 9 o'clock. Upon resuming upon session about fifty private pension bills were passed, including one for the widow of Durbin Ward. A bill to establish a land office at Lamar, Colo., was passed, and action taken on several public building bills, one was passed increasing the limit of cost of the La Crosse, Wis., building to \$100,000. A bill was also passed appropriating \$250,000 for the establishment of a military post at near Omaha, Neb., and the senate adjourned.

The house again refused to concur in the clause in the legislative bill appropriating money for senators' clerks, and ordered further conference. The Northern Pacific land forfeiture bill then came up, the issue being that the house bill forfeits about 33,000,000 acres more land than the senate bill. Debate took place, which was pending when the house adjourned at 5 p. m.

Hennepin Canal to be Sacrificed.

WASHINGTON CITY July 27.—Members of the house and quite a number of senators anticipate an agreement by a conference committee on the river and harbor bill by the middle of the week, and say it will go to the president without doubt before adjournment. The senate is expected to recede from its amendment providing for the Hennepin canal.

NEW ENGLAND OUTRAGED.

Certain of Her Fishermen Branded as Pirates and Thieves.

PORTLAND, Me., July 23.—The feeling in favor of private retaliation if the government fails to grant public retaliatory measures is increasing. Thursday the following hand-bill was posted up throughout the city:

"Pirates and thieves. Owners and fishermen of New England, attention! What they think of us."

"The Halifax Herald speaks of us as follows: 'But fishing vessels of Gloucester and thereabouts owned by pirates and manned by thieves we neither love nor respect, and against them we believe in enforcing any and every law that it is in our power to enforce.'"

"Govern yourselves accordingly."

## A LOOK OF WAR.

THE MEXICAN BORDER VERY MUCH TORN UP.

Obstinate Mexican Authorities Refuse to Do the Square Thing About Cutting. The Editor—Greaser Troops Massing at Paso Del Norte, and Uncle Sam's Blue Coats on the Other Side.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 26.—Some time ago an American editor named Cutting was imprisoned by the Mexican authorities for an offense committed on the American side of the line. The matter was brought to the notice of the United States government, and after the usual delay caused by the necessity of obtaining the exact facts a demand was made on the Mexican government for the unconditional release of the prisoner. This demand the Mexican authorities have been slow to accede to, and that government has been concentrating troops on the line, until it is reported that they have 8,000 men who could be in Texas in a very short time after the trouble comes to a head. Cutting has occasioned a good deal of sympathy expressed for the two persons involved, but the question of national honor seems to be the incentive for action. The entire frontier press is unanimous in praising the firm stand taken by the state department, and as they have been constantly calling attention to Mexican outrages they consider this action a victory.

A dispatch from Laredo to The News says: "A well defined rumor is current that the revolution in the state of Tamaulipas is merely a blind to enable the government to concentrate a large army in front of Laredo in anticipation of an effort on the part of the United States. This movement is deserving of serious notice on the part of our government, as the Mexicans claim their government has 5,000 troops on the Rio Grande frontier, with Nuevo Laredo as the base of operations. The latest news Saturday night was somewhat more threatening. Judge Castenado summoned Cutting before him, and in a brief address to him said the case had assumed such great importance that it had been determined to transfer it to the first district court, where sentence would be pronounced at some future day. Consul Bingham endeavored to have a day appointed for the trial, but he was unsuccessful. Evidently Mexico is determined to hold and punish Cutting, and this news, together with a report that a train load of troops, including artillery, is on its way from Chihuahua, puts a grave aspect on matters."

Secretary Bayard Is Serene.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 26.—Secretary Bayard, referring to the case of Editor Cutting, says: "I expect he will be set at liberty in a few days. The Mexican government, I am assured, will fulfill all its duties, and Americans will be protected."

WANTS ANOTHER REVOLUTION.

Case, the Mexican, Calls on His Friends to Arm—The Cutting Case.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 27.—A special from Eagle Pass to The News says: "Revolutionary circulars are being distributed throughout the states of Tamaulipas, Coahuila and Nuevo Leon, signed by Francisco T. Case, calling upon his friends to arise, arm themselves and fight the Diaz government."

The outcome of the Cutting case is being watched very closely by people along the border here, who think the government has been very remiss in protecting the rights and liberties of American citizens, and hope that this affair will establish a precedent for aggressive measures on the part of the United States.

HUBERT O. THOMPSON DEAD.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Hubert O. Thompson, the ex-commissioner of public works, died suddenly Monday morning at the Worth house, where he had been stopping. The news of the sudden demise of this leader in county politics has caused a profound sensation in political circles. Mr. Thompson was the recognized leader of the County Democracy organization of this city and was a staunch adherent of President Cleveland.

Mr. Thompson was found dead in his bed at 9:35 o'clock Monday morning by his physician, Dr. Roberts. He had last seen Mr. Thompson alive at 4 o'clock Monday morning. There was no apprehension of a fatal result of the illness. The pupils of Mr. Thompson's eyes were dilated, and blood shot, and his face and neck were livid. The immediate cause of death was cerebral apoplexy. Coroner Messemmer, who was summoned, said that death probably occurred at about 6 o'clock.

Salisbury Is Prime Minister.

LONDON, July 27.—The marquis of Salisbury arrived at noon Monday in London from Osborne, where he went to receive the queen's commands to form a government. Great crowds assembled at all the chief railroad stations between Portsmouth and London, and tendered the new premier ovations. He declined to address the crowds anywhere. At the London station an enormous crowd had assembled to welcome the marquis, and he cheered him loudly when he alighted from the train. The marquis, while at Osborne, performed the ceremony of kissing the hand of the queen, and was appointed her prime minister.

Fast Time at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—In the third race at Washington park course, the great western handicap, Saturday, the distance being 1 1/4 miles, Jim Guest won in 2:34, equaling the best time ever made—that of Luke Blackburn, at Monmouth park in August, 1880. The other races were won as follows: Truant 3/4 mile, Hattoo 1 1/4 mile, Charley Lucas 3/4 mile, Moonlight 1/2 mile, Gleaner 1 mile.

Only a Harmless Frank.

ROUNDOUT, N. Y., July 25.—Nathan Schuler, the young man arrested by the Albany police Thursday for fear that he might be a possible Giteau, is a resident of Rondout, and can best be described by the Scotch phrase "an innocent." In Rondout he has always been looked upon as a harmless crank, and served as a butt for the practical jokers.

## WASN'T WHAT HE EXPECTED.

The Anarchists' Attorney Dumbfounded by the Reply of a Witness.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The lawyers connected with the trial of the Anarchists laugh at a story telegraphed from New York that a Russian named Ignate Swo-botta is the only original bomb-thrower. Mr. W. A. Foster said: "The story is improbable upon its face. An Anarchist tells a reporter that he knows a man for whom Mr. Grinnell would give \$100,000. He then takes the reporter to this greatly desired man, and the fellow says he threw the bomb and tells the whole story two days before his steamer is to sail. Don't you suppose the reporter would have utilized those two days to secure the \$100,000? No man would be so great a fool as to reveal a crime of that sort to a newspaper reporter."

The sensation of Saturday's testimony was the appearance on the stand of Andrew C. Jansen, a detective of the Pinkerton agency, who testified that he joined the Anarchist armed group and attended all their meetings. He told of many meetings where Spies, Parsons, Fielden and others advocated a reign of terror and the use of dynamite. It is said that there are other witnesses of the same kind, and that the Canadian government has had detectives in the ranks of the conspirators for a long time, and knows more about their doings than the Chicago police.

Monday Detective Jansen was put upon the stand and cross-examined by Mr. Foster.

"In Fielden's speech on June 7, at Ogden's grove, in which you say Fielden said there was no use in begging, did you hear him designate any time or place in which force was to be used?"

"No."

"Did you ever hear him do so?"

"Yes."

"When?"

"I can't recollect the date, but it was at the Twelfth Street Turner hall."

"You misunderstand me," said the attorney, who seemed to become somewhat nervous by the answer he had brought out. "I do not, I heard him do so where I have stated."

"That was the place where he recommended the use of force, but I want to know did you ever hear him name a date on which force was to be used?"

"Yes, sir; I heard him do so on the occasion I mention and the first day of May was the date fixed."

The attorney seemed completely dumfounded at the result of his cross-examination. The witness further said that he only drilled twice with the international rifles. On one occasion ten armed men drilled in the presence of the American group, but none of the defendants were present on that occasion. On the occasion when Fielden suggested surprising and capturing the armory it was arranged to make a general raid when the nights grew long, but no definite arrangements were made for the purpose. The witness had never seen Herr Most's books except in the German language, but he had seen English translations of other similar works.

A dynamite bomb, 18 1/2 inches long and 2 inches in circumference, was found Monday secreted in a barrel of straw on the fourth floor at Welbur & Allen's crockery warehouse, 23 East Washington street. It was completely loaded and primed. Detective Rohan was called to remove it, and it was deposited in Lieut. Shea's room, where it was pronounced the most dangerous weapon yet captured. Abraham Ascheles, a young Russian who worked for the firm in May, is suspected of having placed it there ready for use in the Haymarket massacre. His social leanings are well known.

BOUND TO GO HOME AUGUST 2.

Both Houses Determined on It If Only the Appropriations Get Through.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 26.—Congress will undoubtedly adjourn at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, Aug. 2. The leaders of both houses have so assured representatives of the United Press, and the condition of unfinished business makes it easy. In consideration of the general anxiety for it, only four appropriation bills have been reported, and the sundry civil bill has passed the senate, and the general deficiency bill is pending in the senate. The legislative, executive and judicial bills are in the senate committee. The river and harbor bill is also in conference. There may be some general debate upon the sundry civil bill when it reaches the house, however, owing to senate amendments, although efforts will be made hereafter by either house to correct the work of the other by conferences instead of rambling debate.

There seems to be a determination by a majority made up from both sides that nothing but the completion of appropriation bills shall be done before adjournment, and that filibustering shall be the order at any time.

It is intended that all or nearly all of the appropriation bills shall reach the president by Saturday, and if there are unexpected delays the session will continue through next Sunday, as most of the senators and representatives have arranged their departure on the basis of an adjournment Monday, Aug. 2.

An Old Man Married to a Child.

GREENBURG, Ky., July 21.—Clem Bishop, aged 70, was married on Monday to Rita Boston, his ward, aged not over 9 years. Bishop is a backwoods doctor and preacher, possibly without diploma or license. His wife died two weeks ago and the neighbors threatened to take from him this girl, whom he had adopted. To thwart them, he procured a license and was married by David Judd. He presented a certificate from the girl to obtain the license that she was 27 years of age. The official who gave the license suspected something wrong, and sent a messenger to recall it, but he reached the place just after the marriage ceremony had been performed.

The Willie Sells Murder Trial.

ERIE, Kan., July 23.—A jury was last obtained in the celebrated Sells murder case Wednesday, after two days and a half had been spent on the work. The state attorney in his address to the jury, claimed that he could prove that the boy had sufficient motive and was about the only person who could have committed the crime. The evidence elicited was to the effect that Willie Sells called at the house of Mendall and said that some one had hurt his parents and sister with a hatchet; that he had chased him down the road and came there for assistance. Next morning Willie's clothes were found to be covered with blood.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Col. W. H. Bolton, superintendent of second-class matter in the Chicago postoffice, has been arrested. He is charged with the embezzlement of government funds. So far the alleged larceny is placed at \$4,000, but the postoffice inspectors say that further examination will probably show that it will reach from \$60,000 to \$100,000. Col. Bolton strenuously denies his guilt. Col. Bolton's arrest was followed by that of Weigher Stuart, who did the weighing of the second-class matter.

## Separating Aluminum from Corundum.

As an instance of the need of one portion of our country for every other portion, I may refer to corundum, which is now mined in North Carolina, near Asheville, to be sent to Lockport, N. Y., a distance, I should think, by rail, of 1,500 miles. Some young men in Cleveland have invented a process of separating aluminum from corundum, the latter containing 50 per cent. of aluminum, which, while the most generally distributed substance or element on the globe, has been hitherto inseparable in quantities from the sand or clay with which it was impurely mixed. You could throw it on top of the highest blast furnace on the globe and it would not melt at all. The new blast furnace at Lockport is to melt it by electricity. Yet even now they do not undertake to separate it, except from corundum.

Aluminum is a remarkable metal, not known till 1825; not handled till 1854; it gives tremendous tensile property to iron and copper, makes wrought iron adapt itself for castings, and a little of it has all the influence of gold in arts; by itself it looks like lead or tin, but it is hardly heavier than wood. The young men who invented this process have spent \$20,000 at it.—George Alfred Townsend.

A Minister's Crushing Repartee.

I never heard of a finer piece of wit and repartee than was told me the other day by a minister from the south, involving two of his brother ministers, whom I will call White and Green. Rev. White had recently been honored with the title of D. D., and really deserved it, not only for his learning but for his piety, which was of a particularly marked and gentle type. Rev. Green was of a jealous disposition and something of an upstart, and on meeting one day with Rev. White undertook to belittle his new honors by telling him that the title of D. D. was conferred so indiscriminately and so frequently nowadays that it didn't amount to a great deal, anyway. If this indecorous and unbrotherly assault offended or nettled Rev. White it was not the least visible, and to this day no one knows whether he was even conscious of the crushing repartee which he then got off. He assented in the mildest and most dispassionate manner imaginable to what Rev. Green had said, and then added, in a sort of absent-minded way: "As you say, the title has got to be so common that a minister who hasn't got it isn't anybody at all."—Chicago Journal.

Conscientious Pupils in the School Room.

One of the most serious trials of the teacher, after all, is the painfully good and painfully literal boy. A reading class was at work in a Boston school not long ago, and the piece selected was an "Address to the Mummy in Belzoni's Museum, London." A pupil, one of those serious, conscientious fellows, was called upon to read the notes on the piece at the bottom of the page. In these occurred the name Cheops, and the pronunciation was spelled and inclosed in brackets. This is how he read it: "According to Herodotus, the great pyramid, so-called, was built by Cheops (pronounced Keops)." Perhaps it was another type of a child who was requested to give five important uses of rivers. This is one use he ingeniously manufactured: "When you use a hat off in the water you can go out in a boat and get it."—Boston Budget.

Teaching the Bores Small Talk.

A certain young lady living in Washington earns a fine salary by teaching American small talk to those young attaches who are great bores in society. Her plan is simple enough. Her pupils call, is received, and converses with his hostess teacher for two hours. The talk is confined to drawing-room topics. This wicked young teacher taught six young fellows precisely the same round of pretty and witty phrases, and at a certain grand ball they were hovering around one of the youngest and most popular of the Washington girls, and each and every one was saying the same things to her.—Washington Cor. New Orleans Picayune.

Collection of Boot and Shoe Heels.

An old bachelor in Berlin has for many years past been engaged in forming a collection of boot and shoe heels, of which he has now over 1,000, which are exposed to view in a handsome glass case, and numbered and catalogued with the dates and names of the original owners. The notion was first suggested to him on the 5th of June, 1861, when on a visit to the ancient castle of Kinast in company of a beautiful Swedish lady, who lost the heel off one of her boots. That particular boot heel became the first and most valued item in the entire collection.—Chicago Herald.

The Throat of the Bull Snake.

Professor Theodore Gill, of the Smithsonian Institution, says of the bull or pine snake, which is found in many parts of the country: "This reptile has become notorious on account of the sound it emits. It is very much like the low howl of a bull, and to this the snake owes one of its names. This is caused by the fact that the epiglottis, an organ absent or represented only by a tubercle in all other serpents, is abnormally developed in the bull snake."—Chicago Ledger.

Warm Water Supply at Pesh.

Warm water is now supplied at the rate of 175,000 gallons per day at Pesh, from an artesian well said to be about 3,000 feet deep, and the deepest in the world. The temperature of the water is 161 degrees, but the work is to be continued until the temperature rises to 178 degrees. It is expected that the supply will also then be ample for all the wants of the city.—Foreign Letter.

Something for Boils and Carbuncles.

It is stated on good medical authority that the application of a solution of menthol in ether applied to carbuncles, boils or other inflammatory troubles, will, in many instances, entirely avert them. The solutions that have been used vary from 10 to 50 per cent. of menthol, and application is made by a camel's hair brush to the affected portion.—Chicago Journal.

Cases of Rabies in Paris.

It is officially reported, according to "Le Gazette hebdomadaire de médecine et de chirurgie," that during the year 1885, 518 animals were ascertained to be affected with rabies, including 403 dogs, 13 cats, and 2 horses, and 527 were reported as suspected to be suffering with the disease; sixty-four bites by rabid animals were officially reported, and nineteen persons died of rabies.—Medical Journal.

A young woman of Ithaca, N. Y., has nearly 1,000 silk worms suspended in paper cones, and all spinning away industriously.

## LIFE AMONG THE ALASKANS.

How the Original Settlers of Our New Territory Enjoy Home Life.

Clumsy squaws were squatting in rows along shore as we lounged about the village; hideous bucks—I trust they were not framed in the image of their Maker—ill-shapen lads, dumpy, expressionless babies, green-complexioned half-breeds, sat and looked on with utter indifference. Many of the Haida Indians have kinky or wavy hair, Japanese or Chinese eyes, and most of them too out; but they are, all things considered, the least interesting, the most ungainly and the most unpicturesque of people. If there is work for them to do they do it, quite heedless of the presence of inquisitive pale-faced spectators. Indeed, they seem to look down upon the white man, and perhaps they have good reasons for doing so. If there is no work to be done they are not in the least disconcerted.

I very much doubt if a Haida Indian, or any other Indian for that matter, knows what it is to be bored or to find the time hanging heavily on his hands. I took note of one old buck who sat for four solid hours without once changing his position. He might have been sitting there still but that his squaw routed him out after a lively monologue, to which he was apparently disinterested listener. At last he arose with a grunt, adjusted his blanket, strode grimly to his canoe and bailed it out; then he entered and paddled leisurely to the shore, where he disappeared in the forest. Flth was everywhere and evil odors, but far, far aloft the eagles were soaring, and the branches of a withered tree near the settlement were filled with crows as big as buzzards. Once in a while some one or another took a shot at them—and missed. Thus the time passed.

Killisnoo is situated in a cosy little cove. It is a rambling village that climbs over the rocks and narrowly escapes being pretty, but it manages to escape. Most of the lodges are built of logs, have small, square windows, with glass in them and curtains, and have also a kind of primitive chimney. We climbed among these lodges and found them quite deserted. The lodgers were all down at the dock. There were inscriptions on a few of the doors, the name of the tenant and a request to observe the sacredness of the hearth. This we were careful to do, but inasmuch as each house was set in order and the window curtains carefully looped back, we were no doubt welcome to a glimpse of an Alaskan interior. It was the least little bit like a peep-show, and didn't seem quite real. One inscription was as follows—it was over the door of the laureate:

JOSEPH HOOGLIX.  
My tum-tum is white,  
I try to do right;  
All are welcome to come  
To my hearth and my home.

So call in and see me, white, red, or black man,  
I'm the de-late hyas of the Kootznahoo quan.

Need I add that tum-tum in the Chinook jargon signifies the soul? Joseph merely announced that he was clean-shaven; likewise no-late hyas, that is above reproach.—Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

At Pasture's Headquarters in Paris.

A most extraordinary museum has just been opened in the Rue Vauguelin. It is difficult to say whether it should best be called a museum, or a factory, or a farm, or a menagerie. It is in fact all four combined, and grouped together for a purpose hitherto untried, and presenting an appearance hitherto unparalleled. These are the new headquarters of M. Pasteur, and here are to be found, cow-houses, sheepfolds, fowl walks, rabbit hutches, and dog kennels. They are all, moreover, fully equipped. On one floor is a laboratory, where the vaccine soups and preparations are made up. Above it is a museum, where specimens connected with the new cure are exhibited. There are operating rooms and rooms for post-mortem investigations and dissecting purposes. Two of the kennels are devoted to dogs in various interesting stages of early or advanced rabies. "Hen cholera" is communicated, watched, and cured in the fowl-house. The cattle exhibit various stages of vaccination.

Human beings have also their provided quarter. A spacious waiting-room is set apart for patients, who troop in daily in picturesque groups—according to the French press—representing all nationalities. In the mean time the great savant occupies the former quarters of the Pasteur institute in the Rue d'Ulm, and devotes himself in dignified seclusion to scientific research.

The Love Affairs of John Adams.

John Adams' love affairs were numerous. In 1764, the year in which he was married, he writes in his diary: "I was of an amorous disposition, and very early, from 10 to 11 years of age, was very fond of the society of females. I shall draw no characters nor give any enumeration of my youthful flames. It would be considered as no compliment to the dead or the living. This I will say: They were all modest and virtuous girls, and always maintained their character through life. No virgin or matron ever had cause to blush at the sight of or regret her acquaintance with me. \* \* \* These reflections, to me consolatory beyond expression, I am able to make with truth and sincerity; and I presume I am indebted for this blessing to my education.—Frank J. Carpenter in Lippincott's Magazine.

Cases of Rabies in Paris.

It is officially reported, according to "Le Gazette hebdomadaire de médecine

## No Words

could express the agony I endured from Rheumatism, and it was all I could do to endure it. I tried, not able to walk or sleep, I took two-thirds of a bottle of **ATHLOPHOROS** and in a few days was well." T. E. CHATFIELD, 355 12th Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

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Ask your druggist for **ATHLOPHOROS**. If you cannot get it of him we will send it express paid on receipt of regular price—\$1.00 per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us as directed.

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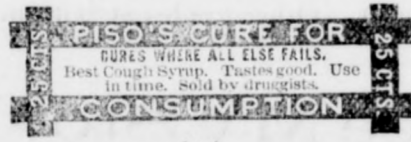
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## POSTOFFICE STATISTICS.

### Showing the Number of Removals and Appointments and Other Facts.

**WASHINGTON CITY, July 27.**—The annual report of the chief of the appointment division, postoffice department, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1885, presents the following figures relating to changes in postmasters, increase in offices, etc.: During the year 3,482 new postoffices were established, and 1,130 were discontinued. At the close of the year there were 55,614 postoffices, and of these 2,235 were what are known as presidential offices. The largest number of new offices were necessary in the state of Virginia, where 127 were established during the year.

The total number of money order offices at the close of the year was 7,794, a net increase of 237 over the previous year. Of these Illinois holds the largest number, 550; Iowa next with 543; New York, 490; Ohio, 468; Pennsylvania, 402; Michigan, 344; Kansas, 342; Indiana, 315; Missouri, 213; and Wisconsin, 271. The greatest increase in any state was 25 in Kansas.

The report presents the following comparative statement of appointments during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1885 and 1886: For 1885, on resignations and commissions expired, 1,304; for 1886, 9,112. On removals and suspensions for 1885, 510; for 1886, 5,726. On deaths of postmasters for 1885, 412; for 1886, 587. On establishment of new postoffices for 1885, 4,121; for 1886, 3,482. Total for 1885, 9,547. Total for 1886, 23,747.

### A TERRIBLE HAIL-STORM.

**The Village of St. Andrews, Dakota, Wrecked—Crops Destroyed.**

**GRAPTON, D. T., July 26.**—A very disastrous storm occurred Saturday in the region adjacent to St. Thomas, which destroyed everything in its path from St. Thomas across the Red river into Minnesota, four to six miles in width and fully thirty miles in length. Thousands of acres of grain are totally destroyed. A young farmer who was out on horseback is missing, his horse having come home riderless. The village of St. Andrews was completely destroyed, the hailstones tearing through the shingles, breaking the sashes and panes of glass. A farmer by the name of Jackson, in Martin Township, was laying with the hired man as the storm broke over them. Before the hired man could gain shelter he was struck by a hail stone and seriously injured.

### LOCAL OPTION IN INDIANA.

**Meeting of Temperance Republicans—The Business Transacted.**

**INDIANAPOLIS, July 21.**—A mass-convention of temperance Republicans was held in this city Tuesday, the attendance from all sections of the state being large. The sentiment of the convention was decidedly in favor of the advocacy of a law permitting local option by counties, districts, or cities, as the electors might prefer. Resolutions condemning the liquor traffic and declaring in favor of local option were passed and a committee was appointed to present them to the state nominating convention and ask their adoption by that body. Delegates were appointed to the national Republican anti-saloon conference which meets in Chicago Sept. 16, and an executive committee consisting of thirteen members was appointed to urge the nomination of candidates for the legislature pledged to carry out the principles of local option.

### Conference of Hoosier Democrats.

**INDIANAPOLIS, July 21.**—The Democratic state central committee met here Tuesday, the meeting being attended by representative Democrats from different parts of the state. Senator McDonald, Governor Gray and others made speeches, and the troubles in the several congressional committees were discussed at length. The committee then met in executive session and fixed upon Wednesday, Aug. 11, as the day for holding the state convention. The congressional middle was further discussed in executive session, but the committee decided that it had no right to take action on such matters, and passed a resolution asking the state convention to instruct them in the premises. There will be about 1,300 delegates at that body, and the plan proposed will secure instructions for the state central committee to take both of the candidates off in the district and substitute some one else in their stead.

### May Take Their Choice of Three.

**TOPEKA, Kan., July 21.**—Ever since the Republican convention in the Fifth district, at which John A. Anderson, the present incumbent, was defeated in the contest for the nomination for congress by A. S. Wilson, the greatest dissatisfaction has been expressed by the Republicans of the district. This feeling has culminated in the calling of another convention, to be held at Clay Centre July 23. Congressman Anderson has just expressed his determination to accept a nomination at the hands of this convention, and a three-cornered fight will ensue, which will surpass in intensity and interest any other political contest in this state. This fall Wilson, the regular Republican nominee, will probably be defeated, and the election will be secured by Anderson or a Democrat.

### THE MARKETS.

**Chicago, July 26.** Quotations on the board of trade to-day were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 July, opened and closed 74c; No. 2 August, opened 74c, closed 74c; No. 2 September, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 October, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 November, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 December, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 January, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 February, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 March, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 April, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 May, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 June, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 July, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 August, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 September, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 October, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 November, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 December, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 January, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 February, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 March, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 April, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 May, opened 76c, closed 76c; No. 2 June, opened 76c, closed 76c; 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## THE TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
A. A. SMITH.

Stevenson's Block, 2d Floor.

THURSDAY : : JULY 29, 1886.

## REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Putnam county are requested to meet in mass Convention, at the Court House in Greencastle, on Saturday, August 7, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various county offices. Let every Republican in the county attend.

T. M. BOSSON, JNO. P. ALLEE,  
Secretary. Chairman.

The West and Northwest is suffering for rain.

The Times believes the Democratic county ticket can be beaten.

The boom for James G. Blaine, of Maine, still goes marching on.

Our next Representative in Congress will be named at Franklin today.

A big shortage in funds in the Chicago postoffice has been discovered.

The latest reports from the Mexican border are to the effect that war is possible.

Every Republican in the county is expected at the court house Saturday week.

The legal bomb is tightening around the Chicago anarchists, and it is about time to fire the fuse.

Greencastle must advance if she expects to compete with her sister cities for business and population.

Lafayette has on her best suit this week, and is doing the handsome by a multitude of strangers.

The way to cement and build up the Republican party is not to lend your every effort, however feeble and ineffectual, to its disruption. To call all Republicans who do not agree with you Democrats does not tend to make proselytes or strengthen the bands of the organization—but it is in keeping with a bull-headed, rule or ruin policy that has been pursued here for years, and to this one thing alone do we owe the fact that Putnam county is Democratic today.

One of the greatest curses that the Union soldier of today has to contend with is the political scab and barnacle, who, by virtue, perhaps, of a few months service, clings to their organization for gain, and to subserve his personal ends. It is the intrigue and machination of such men that compromises the interests of the soldier. The true soldier, whose service in his country's cause is its own reward, needs not the championing of such as these to insure him the confidence and esteem of the people.

COL. A. C. DAILY, of Lebanon, is unquestionably the man for the Republicans to nominate for Auditor of State. In office he will have no personal ends to subserve, and will be free to use the best of his well recognized abilities to the furtherance of the party and State interests. With him as their candidate the party will not have the burden of an outside school-book monopoly to carry, but will have a man who will add strength to every part of the ticket.

A NEWSPAPER that will lie knowingly and openly, with the documentary evidence of the untruthfulness of its assertion before it, can no longer lay claim to power or influence. Such procedure not only aids the cause intended to be injured, but discredits all statements of whatever kind from the same source. Not even an infuriated bull will turn around and stick himself in the rear with his own horns.

A TERRIBLE tragedy was enacted in the streets of Evansville on Tuesday, day, one Prof. Ira G. Strunk shooting and killing Charles V. Hoover and seriously wounding the father of the murdered man, Dr. C. L. Hoover. All are prominent and well known citizens, and the trouble was the outgrowth of an intimacy between the junior Hoover and Strunk's wife.

Our friends of the Eighth Congressional district are enjoying an interesting and spirited discussion as to who is the best man to beat

Jonnee Lamb. It is none of our put in, but if they will allow us a suggestion we say nominate Major Carter. He will go out of Clay county with enough majority to slaughter the Lamb.

The Western Christian Advocate gives Prof. Oleott the following cordial endorsement this week:

"If the State of Indiana is so fortunate as to have Prof. J. M. Oleott, of Greencastle, for Superintendent of Public Instruction, there will be reason for congratulations. Prof. Oleott has had large experience in various departments of public school work, and is a Christian gentleman of worthy character and eminent qualifications for the position named. We are glad to hear rumors that he will probably be nominated for that important office. It is of the utmost importance that our public school system be kept in harmony with our Christian civilization, and State Superintendents can do much to keep it so.

The Crawfordsville Journal speaks the truth thus:

"The Republican Anti-Saloon Mass Convention at Indianapolis Tuesday was large and enthusiastic, and composed of representative men from all parts of the State. It declared emphatically for local option, and in localities where public sentiment will not prohibit them for high taxation. This position is right, and if the Republican party of the State will have the wisdom and courage to 'take the bull by the horns,' and declare, without any circumlocution, that the party is for high taxation and local option, the people will endorse its action at the polls in November.

LOCAL option is but the essence of one of the fundamental principles of our government—that of allowing the people to regulate troublesome matters as the necessities and requirements of local surroundings would dictate. It is in accord with Republican doctrine.

WERE we intent upon, and practically engaged in, committing suicide, we would denounce as Democrats all Republicans who do not see as we do. Otherwise we would have some hesitancy about such a course.

The Republican State Convention has been called for Thursday, September 2. The lively interest taken in the canvass for positions on the ticket demonstrates such confidence as always betokens success.

If the Star Press will get up another chapter of figures, and compare the valuation of Putnam with that in the other seventy nine counties mentioned, people will be able to draw some conclusions.

THEIR trip north seems to have chilled the fighting ardor of both neighbor Briggs and neighbor Arnold. The late slight unpleasantness was probably a mere outcropping of hot weather humor.

THE Mexican war cloud has blown over, and Canada has quit seizing ships. The country has now no chance for a "scrap" unless it be with the editor of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.

SOME good names are being brought to the front for positions on the Republican county ticket. Let the selections all be wise ones and something will be heard to drop in November.

THE Council Committee upon water-works asked an extension of time until next regular meeting to report its decision. The next regular meeting is next Monday night week.

THE Republican Judicial Convention of this district, composed of Putnam and Clay counties, will be held at Brazil Saturday, July 31. Let all interested take notice.

THE proposition of the Greencastle Water Works Company is an honest and honorable contract. The question for the city to decide is whether water works are wanted.

WE fear that John A. Logan keeps too exalted an opinion of himself buttoned up in that tight-breasted front. His speech in the Senate would indicate as much.

THERE will be 1,193 delegates in the Republican State Convention. Putnam county is entitled to 13. The apportionment is based on the vote for Blaine in 1884.

THE American farmer, who was promised \$1.25 a bushel for his wheat when Cleveland was elected, has a 55 cent grudge to settle with the administration.

THIS is excellent weather to be at peace with your neighbor, your digestive apparatus and the ice man.

A NEWSPAPER that will tell a lie, and forestall it with the proof that the lie is of whole cloth, can scarcely be regarded as a reliable guide.

THE oleomargarine bill, fixing a tax of 2 cents per pound on that questionable product, has passed both houses of Congress.

WISE and good men have frequently been known to lose prestige and power by allowing themselves to be championed by a fool.

GEN. LOGAN has made a fool of himself and so has Halstead. Both will do well to take a rest until the weather gets cooler.

RUSSELLVILLE.

A grand-daughter of Dr. Prettyman's was taken very ill some days since, but by the skill of Dr. Harvey the disease was arrested.

Mr. Peter James, of Montgomery, called last week. He has upward of one hundred stands of bees and more than a ton of honey.

Miss Lela Baird's birth-day party was largely attended.

Mrs. Charley Boswell, of West Memphis, Tenn., is visiting here.

If our friend James E. Darham shall, in the course of human events, if not sooner, say: "My better two-thirds"—well, that is all we have to say now.

Quarterly meeting at Pisgah church next Saturday and Sunday.

WE read recently of certain guests being furnished with eggs on Sundays. The meat having been blown out the shells filled with whisky and then hermetically sealed. We have people here who eat eggs on week days as well as Sundays.

THE yield of wheat was never so great in this township and the quality is good.

## AN END TO BONES CRAMPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Pa., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. I have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by Allen.

## DON'T FAIL TO TRY IT.

J. C. Burrows, Kalamazoo, Mich., testifies: "For more than five years a member of my family has been afflicted with hay fever, culminating late in the fall in a hacking cough. Every remedy proved futile. Not half a bottle of Papillon (extract of flax) Catarrh Cure had been used before the cough entirely disappeared, and general relief followed. 'It is simply wonderful.' Large bottles only \$1.00, for sale by all druggists."

## HAY FEVER.

I have been a great sufferer from hay fever for 15 years, and have tried various things without doing any good. I read of the many wonderful cures of Ely's Cream Balm and thought I would try once more. In fifteen minutes after one application I was wonderfully helped. Two weeks ago I commenced using it and now I feel entirely cured. It is the greatest discovery ever known or heard of.—Duhamel Clark, Lee, Mass. 25-26

## VERY REMARKABLE RECOVERY.

Mr. Geo. V. Witting, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters and is so much improved that she is able now to do her own work."

Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at Allen's.

## G. A. R. Excursion to San Francisco.

The I. & St. L. will sell G. A. R. excursion tickets to San Francisco, Cal., at \$63.20 for the round trip. These tickets will be good going until Aug. 3rd and good to return until October 31st, 1886, and will be sold to anybody. No certificates will be required. For further information call on or address, 3w33 A. H. NILES, Agent.

For a cool and pleasant shave go to Piercy & Showalter's shop on the southeast corner of the square. Only shop in the city lighted with the electric light.

Fine office rooms to rent, second floor. Inquire of D. E. Williamson. 34tf

Subscribe for the TIMES.

**ROYAL**



**BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold in 4 lb cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st. N.Y.

## The When

This week offers Bargains in every department that will astonish the natives.

We cordially invite the Public to call and examine prices and quality of goods that we have this week marked down. In the Men's Department we offer the following specials.

## —ASK TO SEE:—

**Lot 8841**—Men's Black and Brown Fanned Plaid Cassimere suit, reduced from \$10 to \$8.

**Lot 8895**—Men's Fancy Check Scotch Cassimere Suit, reduced from \$10 to \$8.

**Lot 9011**—Men's Brown Red and Black Mixed Cheviot Suit, reduced from \$10 to \$8.

**Lot 7407**—Men's Black and White Mixed All Wool Cassimere Suit, reduced from \$13 to \$10. And many other lines not herein mentioned for want of space. In our Children's and Boys' Department we offer special Bargains.

**Lot 5600**—Blue All Wool Cheviot Suits, Reduced from \$4.50 to \$3.00.

**Lot 7850**—Fancy Brown and Red Mixed Plaid, Plaited suit, one of the very latest styles, reduced from \$5 to \$4. Suits in this department range from \$1 to \$9; Knee Pants from 75c to \$2.50 per pair. Men's, Youth's and Boy's Odd Pants in an endless variety, prices from 60c to \$7.50. In our HAT and CAP Department we have made a like reduction. Men's Stiff Hats from 25c to \$3.00. Men's Soft Hats from \$1.00 to \$3.00. Youth's and Boy's Stiff Hats 25c to 50c. Youth's and Boy's Soft Hats 10c to \$1.25. Our Furnishing Department is well stocked with all the latest styles, goods to be had at prices that will please the people.

Commencing this week in our Boys' and Children's Department we present with each suit a handsome Scrap Book.

Store lighted by Electric Light.

Call and see our new "Cash Railway System."

## LUMBER. LUMBER.

Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Dressed Lumber of all grades, Frames and Finish furnished to order. Clear Shingles \$3.20, Extra \*A\* \$2.60. Best Poplar Shingles in the market, 12 in. oards, 1 side, 1.50. No. 3 and cull Bds. \$1.00 to \$1.10. Frame Lumber \$1.30 to \$1.40. Other grades at bottom prices.

## Call and See My Stock.

A Dollar Saved is a Dollar Earned.

North Indiana Street.

G. W. GRUBB.

Itc and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. Sold by Albert Allen, druggist, Greencastle, Ind. 7 lyr

FOR SALE—Jersey cattle, heifer calves, cows fresh, and some nice young bull calves old enough to use. All registered in A. J. C. C. At farmer's prices. 17-6m A. MOUDY

HENRY A. DAY,  
WATCHMAKER.

Twenty years practical experience at watch repairing. Do all work left with me myself. Guarantee entire satisfaction. Allen's Block, second door East of First National Bank, Greencastle. 1723

## NEW FIRM. NEW GOODS. NEW PRICES.

**Cannon & Geers,**  
(Successors to James Daggy.)

**Merchant Tailors.**

Having purchased the stock and stand of James Daggy will be found in the market with the finest and latest and best in piece goods and suitings of all grades and patterns.

**Our Prices will be Low,  
And Our Work Will be GUARANTEED.**

A FIRST-CLASS CUTTER.

Call and See Us.

**Cannon & Geers.**DURING THE  
QUIET SUMMER MONTHS

When but little is wanted, you can

## MOST SURELY

Find that in all departments with us. We keep up all lines;

our prices are known to be positively Correct,

and are revised often.

## ONE PRICE. :

## PLAIN FIGURES.

## CASH.

## ALLEN :: BROS.

Dry Goods and Carpet House.

**BIG**

**D WALL PAPER H**

**R AND O**

**U DECORATIONS U**

**G 27 New and Elegant Sty S**

Sole agents for Bur  
sal's celebrated mixed  
paints.

**Piercy & Co's.**

**Dudley Brattin,**

SUCCESSOR TO

**A. R. BRATTIN,**

Has a full line of en-  
tire new goods.

WATCHES,  
CLOCKS,  
JEWELRY.

Repairing a special-  
ty. All goods war-  
ranted to be as rep-  
resented.

H. A. BOLEY,  
Manager.

**RAILROAD TIME TABLE.**

<b>VANDALIA</b> —East 3:06 a. m., 8:34 a. m., 2:15 p. m., 8:40 p. m. West 8:59 a. m., 1:06 p. m., 5:26 p. m., 12:40 a. m.
<b>I. &amp; St. L.</b> —East 2:33 a. m., 8:37 a. m., 2:30 p. m. West 12:00 K night 8:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m., 7:50 p. m.
<b>L. N. &amp; C.</b> —North 12:35 p. m., 12:52 a. m. South 2:35 a. m., 2:56 p. m.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

**FOR RECORDER.**

I desire to announce to the citizens of Putnam County that I will be a candidate for County Recorder on the Citizens Reform Ticket, subject to the will of the people at the ballot box.

CAPT. O. H. HIBBEN.

**FOR TREASURER.**

Please announce me as a candidate for Treasurer of Putnam county, subject to the decision of the Republican primary convention.

JOSEPH B. BOWEN.

**FOR RECORDER.**

W. R. Allee is a candidate for Recorder, subject to the Republican nominating convention Saturday, April 24, 1886.

**LOCAL AND PERSONAL.**

Events of the Week—Our People and Other People—Happenings of Interest to all.

The K. of L. picnic Saturday.  
Mrs. R. H. Walls is convalescent.  
J. C. Baker went to St. Louis Monday.

Harry Saylor was in the city Saturday.

J. T. Brush, of Indianapolis, is in the city.

Louis Steeg, of Tennessee, is in the city.

Les. Joslin has returned to Indianapolis.

Miss Lizzie Blunk is visiting in Indianapolis.

The New Ross fair commences August 8.

Lafayette has her Sunday clothes on this week.

The pay-you-after-harvest subscriber is due.

Mr. Joseph Stewart has entered the livery business.

Mrs. J. D. Torr is visiting relatives in Bloomfield.

Chas. Daggy went to St. Louis Sunday on business.

Mrs. Will Talburt is visiting in Worthington, Ind.

Ed. Thayer, of Greenfield, was in the city over Sunday.

Mr. W. I. Overstreet, of Spencer, is visiting in the city.

Miss Jessie Neff is visiting her grand father in Ladoga

Miss Alice Renick is home from school at Lebanon, Ind.

The will of Wm. Peck, dec'd, has been admitted to probate.

A new boy makes things lively in Oscar Webster's household.

John Merryweather has a new delivery wagon that is a daisy.

A select party from this city enjoyed a picnic at Fern Friday.

This is Commencement week in the Danville Normal College.

Monday last the price of \$5 money orders was reduced to five cents.

James Ratliff and Lizzie Dady were married Saturday evening.

**D. A. C. ERY.**

**DENTAL OFFICE.**

West Side Public Square, over New York Store.

The Frankfort Banner will issue a daily during the fair at that place.  
Don't forget the gun club's amateur shoot Aug. 6, at the ball park.  
Drought is reported in the northern and southern parts of the State.  
Mrs. Turman and daughter, Mrs. Laughlin, are visiting in Springfield, Mo.

Remember the K. of L. picnic at Fern Saturday. A great time will be had.

Miss Clara Smythe has entered the stationery business in the post office.

A jolly party, of girls exclusively, picnied at McLean's Springs last Friday.

Robert N. and Ed Black and Robert Renick have gone to French Lick Springs.

Miss Jesse Burleigh is visiting in Danville, the guest of Miss Agnes Kennedy.

The Daughters of Rebecca will have a picnic at McLean's Springs August 5.

Mrs. Chas. E. Bridges is visiting her parents at her former home, Cisco, Ills.

Miss Emma Marsh has returned from a six weeks' visit to relatives in Terre Haute.

Report has it that there is to be another saloon in this city about September 1st.

Every Republican in the county should be present at the convention Saturday week.

Master Willie Steeg, of Terre Haute, is visiting relatives in this city and Limesdale.

Cadet Chas. Chrisman, of Connersville is visiting Cadet Chas. Mann, of this city.

J. A. Allison and family have moved to Indianapolis, and reside at 365 College Avenue.

Mr. Milton Earp, of Autumna, Iowa, visited his brothers Henry and J. W., here last week.

Sunday was the warmest day we have had yet, the thermometer standing at 96 in the shade.

Mr. W. R. Cravens, of Center Valley, Ind., was in the city Tuesday on his way to Bloomington.

Mr. J. S. Alexander, of Portland Mills, has gone to San Francisco, going via the Vandalia line.

Thos. Ellsberry and family have moved to Omaha, Nebraska. The family left Wednesday evening.

A young son of J. Allen was badly hurt yesterday on Col. Jordan's farm by falling from a wagon on a barrow.

The I. & St. L. cheap excursion to Indianapolis Saturday will be taken advantage of by many of our citizens.

Union services will be held in the Presbyterian Church next Sabbath evening, Elder Taylor conducting the meeting.

Mr. J. Lotchar, the new manager of the "When," will move his family to this city and occupy a part of Dr. Fisher's house.

The social given by the ladies of the Episcopal Church Friday evening was well patronized and an enjoyable time had.

Saturday the I. & St. L. takes a cheap excursion to Indianapolis, the fare from here being but 60 cents for the round trip.

The Monon will sell tickets to Lafayette and return from July 27 to August 2 for \$1.40. Tickets good returning August 3.

Miss Maggie Cullity, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Elliott, some time, returned to her home in Indianapolis Saturday.

Jerry O'Brien and J. B. Cissell had a slight setto at the shooting match last Thursday in which Mr. O'Brien was slightly disfigured.

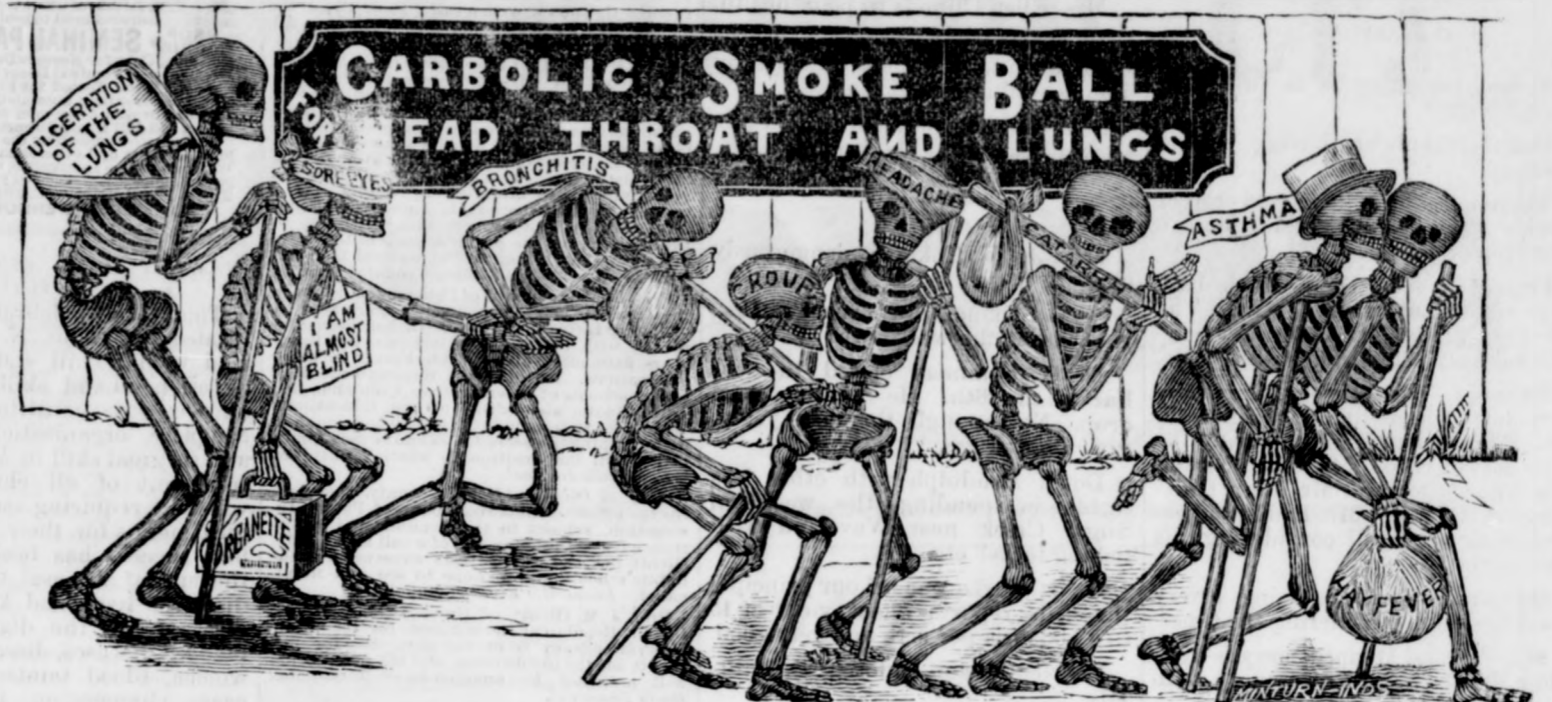
Rev. Smith, the Adventist, has arrived in the city and has stretched his tent on the vacant lot owned by Landes & Co. on College Avenue.

A. A. Bool, of Crawfordville, and A. B. Pounds, at Danville, were among the Indian postmasters confirmed by the U. S. Senate Tuesday.

The L. N. A. & C. railway will take a cheap excursion to Lafayette Saturday. The round trip fare from this city will be \$1.20. Many are going.

The ladies of Mt. Pleasant Church will hold a lawn festival at the residence of Solomon Garner on Saturday.

# The "Carbolic Smoke Ball" Too Much for Them.



These old diseases which have lurked in every household are going where the "Smoke Ball" is unknown. They can thrive no longer in Greencastle because of this great remedy for Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Croup, Neuralgia, Ulceration of Lungs, Headache, Sore Throat, and Eye and Ear Troubles. A free trial of the great "Carbolic Smoke Ball" given to all who will take the trouble to call at our store. Sent by mail with full directions on receipt of price, \$2, and 4c in postage stamps. One ball will last from three months to ten years.

**J. E. ALLEN & CO.**  
Greencastle, Ind.  
City Drug Store.

day eve., July 31. The public are cordially invited.

The Danville base ball club took two doses of medicine last week at Decatur, Ill. The first game resulted 10 to 5 and the second 9 to 0 in favor of Decatur.

Mr. Wm. F. Raeder, of St. Louis, is in the city looking over the ground with a view of making a proposition for water works. He is a civil engineer of that city.

The special committee to whom the water-works ordinance was referred asked 'till the next meeting night to make their report, at the meeting Monday evening.

Miss Clara Smythe suffered some severe burns about the forehead last Thursday evening, the result of an explosion of sealing wax which she was using in canning fruit.

Jesse Jones, of Monroe township, lost 500 bushels of wheat Tuesday. The stack caught fire from a spark from a threshing engine. The threshing was saved with difficulty.

A picnic party composed of Mrs. Mann and sons, Mr. John Crose and family, Mrs. W. G. Neff and children, and Mrs. Wimmer, spent Tuesday very pleasantly at Fern.

Thomas Simons was brought down from Bainbridge and lodged in the jail. He is charged with petit larceny and is bound over to circuit court which meets in September.

The Sherman Center News is the name of a new paper started in Sherman Center, Iowa. E. F. Tennant, formerly of this county, is one of the editors. It is a neat publication.

J. F. Smith is preparing to take a stock of goods to Columbus where he will start a "When" store. We can recommend Mr. Smith to the Columbus public as a man worthy of their patronage.

Wm. Dickson and Eva M. Kennedy, from near Russellville, were married in the Clerk's office late Tuesday evening. The groom lives in Lapland, Montgomery county.

John Vance, who has been in the American Express employ in this city for some time, has accepted a position with the same company as messenger on the Chicago and Indiana coal road, running from Brazil to Fair Oaks, Ind.

There were notes and drafts to the amount of \$2,000 in the Bloomington mail pouch which was robbed at the Junction Monday night. None was recovered.

**Some Nice Shoes.**

If you are interested in fine shoes, step into P. R. Christie & Co's. store and examine their stock of men and women's fine shoes. Their selections of fine shoes this season are unusually nice, and they have brought on a larger stock than common. If you need new shoes don't wait any longer, now is the proper time to plant the old ones. Christie & Co. will do their best to please you, and they will come as near fitting both your eyes and your feet as the nature of the case will allow. Remember one fact when you contemplate buying shoes: at this store you run no risk whatever of being imposed upon. You can depend upon it every time that the shoes shown you are the very best of the kind and well worth the price. They are careful cash buyers and do business in their own room. The merchant that pretends to undersell them either imposes on his customers or robs himself.

of it can be realized on, however, as the banks have stopped payment on all the stolen drafts.

L. S. Cumback, representing D. Lothrop & Co., publishers, of Boston, Mass., is in the city for a few days.

John W. Craven, a popular business man of Bloomington, was in the city a few hours yesterday.

Two of the restaurants now sport ice cream wagons and are hustling for trade in great shape.

Mr. W. H. Tunnell, of Plainview, Ills., who had been in delicate health for some time, died last Saturday evening at his home in that city.

Miss Ella Ragan, of this city, sister of Mrs. Tunnell, (nee Miss Jennie Ragan) attended the funeral which occurred Monday.

On next Saturday, July 31st, the I. & St. L. will have a cheap excursion to Indianapolis. Fare for the round trip only 60 cents. Children 40 cents. Train leaves Greencastle at 8:45 a. m., returning leaves Indianapolis at 5:30 p. m.

A. H. NILES, Agent.

In some parts of the State farmers are tearing down their worm fences built of black walnut rails, and selling the seasoned sticks to the chair-makers for prices that will refence their fields with pine and paint the boards and leave a margin of profit on the operation.

An effort is being made in this city by certain parties to obtain control of the ball park and paraphernalia of the same. They propose putting in a first-class club and backing it with the necessary money to carry it through. Something definite should be done in the matter in order that the indebtedness of the club could be paid.

**BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Sk Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by ALLEN.

**Withdrawal.**

EDITOR TIMES: Please withdraw the announcement of my name before the Republican State Convention, Aug. 7, but bear in mind I will support the nominee, whoever he may be. Respectfully,

DAN D. RICKETTS.

**DYSPEPSIA**

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it tends, by impairing nutrition, and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.

**BROWN'S IRON BITTERS**

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Tasting the Food, etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food.

Rev. J. F. ROSSITER, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says: "Having used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and Indigestion I take great pleasure in recommending it highly. Also consider it a splendid tonic and invigorator, and very strengthening."

Hon. JOSEPH C. SMITH, Judge of Circuit Court, Clinton Co., Ind., says: "I bear most cheerful testimony to the efficacy of Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and as a tonic."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

A LARGE STOCK  
—OF—

**Wall :: Paper**

—AND—

**DECORATIONS**

—AT—

**Allen's Drug Store.**

Also Paints Varnishes, Window Glass, Etc.

Fresh Supply of Landreth's Garden Seeds.

**GREAT**

**Clearance Sale!**

—OF—

**MILLINERY**

**And all Summer Goods**

Call at Once

**F. G. GILMORE.**

**IF YOU WANT**

A Good Carpet,  
Cut and Made,  
—CALL AND SEE—

**TALBURT & CO'S.**

STOCK. EVERY PIECE OF WHICH IS OF

**The Latest Choice Patterns**

All bought within the last few days and our prices have been fixed to suit all. We have also a new lot of Lawns, Gingham, Seersuckers, Chambrays and all kinds of white goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Fans and Parasols, Laces and Embroideries. Also Shades and Lace Curtains, and Curtain Fixtures, Straw Matting, Oil Cloths and Linoleums. Call and see us at No. 7 East Washington street.

**WILL TALBURT & CO.**

## County News.

## PUTNAMVILLE.

Wheat threshing is in full blast; wheat is good.

Our merchants are having a good trade.

There is going to be a good crop of apples in Warren township and a fine crop of potatoes.

Corn is good on Deer Creek bottom, upland not so very good. The prospect for a large crop of everything is very promising at this time.

Sickness—Miss Helen Garner is very low; she is living with her uncle, Elias Garner, and is having the very best of care. Mr. Ben. Nickel son is down sick and Mr. John Drinnington is down. Mr. Evans is getting along very well considering his bad wound.

Our stone men are doing a very good business considering the times.

Mr. William Montgomery is running Mr. J. Staple's machinery. He is a good hand.

Mr. William Shields, our blacksmith, is working at Oakalla for Jos. Torr.

Dr. Horn is kept very busy. He is having good practice and good success.

Visitors: Mr. Joseph Easton, of Cloverdale, and Miss Dell Stillwell, of Catawba, are visiting at M. M. McIlvaine's.

Mr. M. T. Flannery has the Putnamville schools to teach. Mr. Flannery had the same schools last year. He is a good teacher.

The time is approaching for the Republican county convention. Are we ready? It is hoped that every good Republican will turn out and look after this matter close and see that they make a good selection of men. We want no ring men or dead beats, for the party has good men and we want them, and are going to have them. The people of Putnam county are demanding an investigation of the misdeeds in the local affairs of the county. We want good clean men, competent and qualified for every office. It is hoped that we will have a good clean ticket and that we will stand to it.

## FLOYD TOWNSHIP.

Levi D. Owens has been assigned duty as a postal clerk on the Pan handle and Vandalia lines, running from Richmond to Terre Haute.

Charlie Robinson started to Kansas last week in a two horse wagon. Those who claim to know says he is going to take a claim and will return for his wife.

John W. Egg has the double distinction of being related to both Senator Ben. Harrison, of Indiana, and Jeff. Davis, of Mississippi. In physique and complexion the Davis element may predominate, but in politics he is a straight out Harrison man.

## PORTLAND MILLS.

Wheat not all threshed yet.

Some of the boys went to Ladoga Saturday to see the tailor.

Miss Rosa Kendall, of Rockville, has been visiting here the past week. Also Mrs. Wm. Hargrave.

Some of our young men are going west this fall.

J. S. Alexander started Monday to travel in the car west for his health.

Our postoffice hasn't changed hands yet.

Mrs. Cook is on the sick list.

George Hinton is running a creamery route for Mr. Britton, of Clinton Falls.

## LIMDALE.

James Johnson and family, of Oakalla, visited relatives here Sunday.

H. C. Steeg, of Terre Haute, was up Sunday.

Visitors—Mrs. John Lee and Mrs. Louis Steeg, Greencastle; Miss Hamlin, California.

## CLOVERDALE.

Great preparations are being made for the picnic. Excursions will be run from Ladoga and Bloomington.

Elder Granger, of Columbus, preached at the Christian Church Sunday.

Miss Mary Merwin, of Masillon, Ohio, is visiting relatives here.

Citizens miss the accommodation train very much.

## CARPENTERSVILLE.

J. J. Osborne begins removing his old house this week. He will build a new house where the old one now stands.

Young, Williamson & Co., are finishing their threshing in this neighborhood and will return to their home work in a few days.

Mrs. J. J. Osborne is administrator of the Seybold property. The sale will take place August 13.

Mary Morris is gradually growing worse with consumption.

Jesse Short died last Friday morning, July 23, from the effects of the fall which he received off of the

water tank while hauling water last Monday week.

Mrs. Ellen Cline is in poor health.

E. O. Crosby and sons had over 1,300 bushels of wheat thrashed by Young, Williamson & Co.

Some of our boys attended the show at Lafayette Wednesday.

## GROVELAND.

Mrs. Jesse Hinkle is dangerously sick.

W. C. Summers, of Chicago, Ill., is spending the week here.

D. C. Summers closed the oat harvest the 26th. He reports a good crop. Not enough threshed yet to give the average.

Doug. Randolph with other less lights is spending the week on Sugar Creek near Waveland with fishing tackle etc.

C. S. Kurtz, one of our principal threshers reports wheat yield at 15 to 18 bushels per acre and very good.

Charles Wilson is doing Danville, Ills.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following deeds were filed at the Record, ex officio during the past week, reported to the Taxes by Lewis and Corwin, investment agents and abstractors of titles, Williamson's Block, Greencastle, Ind.

William R. Perkins to Sarah M. Adams, lot in Roachdale.....	600
Sarah F. Seybold to Lucetta P. Seybold, 10 acres in Franklin township.....	104
Same to Lelia H. Seybold, 10 acres in Franklin township.....	103
Same to Samuel C. Seybold, 10 acres in Franklin township.....	325
James F. Shamell to Michael Nelson, lot 10, Dagg's Greencastle.....	800
Sheriff of Putnam county to John R. Mahan, 10.39 acres in G. C. tp.....	11,757.87
John Bark to Eben Martin, east half of lot 183, o. p. Greencastle.....	1,000
Rufus W. Allen to Russell G. Allen, part lots 6 and 10, o. p. Greencastle.....	250
Sarah E. Freeman to Ezra Smith, land in Marion township.....	60
Eliza A. Gordon to Joseph Hargan, land in Jackson township.....	2,000
Thomas Loan and Trust Company to John Raub, land in Washington tp.....	2,500
Uriah V. O'Daniel to Mariah T. Hart, lot 1 and 2 West Cloverdale.....	650
James P. Miller to James W. Risk, land in Franklin township.....	104
Fields Ellison to Hugh H. Burns, lot L, Seller's Greencastle.....	50
Total deeds filed, 14; consideration.....	\$20,475.87
Total mortgages, 9; consideration.....	\$5,002.96

## The August Century.

In keeping with the season, the "Mid-summer holiday" Century is noticeable for highly illustrated articles and fiction. Of the former, the opening paper is an entertaining description of "Algiers and its Suburbs." Mrs. Lucy M. Mitchell contributes a picturesque account of the town, Castle and University of "Heidelberg." The paper derives a timely interest from the fact that the five hundredth anniversary of the opening of the university falls on October 18th of this year. "Sea birds at the Farne Islands," by Bryan Hook, with illustrations by the author, gives a description of the birds to be found off the Northumberland coast on the Islands with which is associated the heroism of Grace Darling. "The Western Art Movement," by Ripley Hitchcock, reveals art tendencies and achievements which will perhaps surprise those whose attention has been absorbed by the art growth of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

A sketch portrait of John Burroughs is the frontispiece of this number, and Miss Edith M. Thomas contributes a short paper on "John Burroughs and his Last Two Books." Charles G. Leland gives the romance of "A Gypsy Beauty," the famous Charlotte Cooper, whose portrait by Leslie is reproduced in a full-page engraving. Howell's "Minister's Charge" is continued, and in the War Series are a number of interesting articles. The editorials and poems of the number are varied and good.

## South Greencastle.

John Gainer and Ed Landes picked at Fern last Sunday.

Lizzie Oliver died last Sunday evening at 6:15 o'clock.

Crawford Crawley drives a new horse and buggy.

There was a couple of hoodlums passed out the south road Saturday night that should have been at tended to with a shot gun, as there seems to be no law for shooting in people's houses outside the corporation.

The Surprise party on Mrs. Geo. Phipps last Saturday night was a success and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves.

Jake Freed, John Ash and Jim Crawley are all in the hog business.

The telephone exchange of Fox Ridge is kept constantly employed. O, for one moment's recreation.

D. C. Anderson, of Cole Bros., is in Washington City looking after some business in the interest of the firm.

## Prof. Oleott's Boom.

J. M. Oleott, candidate before the Republican State Convention for Superintendent of Public Instruction, was in town Monday morning and favored this office with a call. Prof. Oleott is an educated gentleman and well qualified to fill the office. *Mitchell Commercial.*

John M. Oleott, of Greencastle, Ind., has been in the city a few days this week looking after his interests as a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Mr. Oleott is a most excellent man, and an educator whose history is closely identified with all the school improvements that have taken place in the State for the last thirty years. In all that time he has devoted his whole attention to public school matters, and he thoroughly understands their interests. No man in the State is better able to take charge of the public schools of the State and push them forward and upward than Mr. Oleott. *Washington (Darius) Gazette.*

Prof. John M. Oleott, of Putnam county, is in the city. He is a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Prof. O. has been connected with the common schools for thirty years with intervals of several years in other occupations. He has been Superintendent of public schools of Lawrenceburg, Columbus and Terre Haute; also director of the Educational Weekly, at Indianapolis. He has had much to do in shaping the school laws and is well qualified to fill the position to which he aspires. *Greenville Journal.*

Mr. J. M. Oleott, of Putnam county, candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to the Republican Convention of the State, is in the city. Mr. Oleott has had thirty years experience in the public schools, and he hopes to see him nominated. *Evansville Evening Bulletin.*

Prof. J. M. Oleott, of Greencastle, candidate for the Republican nomination for the State Superintendent in the city. So far Mr. Oleott has the inside track, and his nomination will probably be unanimous. *Washington Daily Democrat.*

John M. Oleott, of Putnam county, candidate for State Superintendent of Public Instruction, was here yesterday afternoon at this office. He is a very pleasant gentleman and is qualified for the position by his long experience in the cause of education. He began his teaching at Lawrenceburg about thirty years ago. *Greencastle Standard.*

Prof. J. M. Oleott, of Greencastle, will be a candidate for State Superintendent of Public Instruction before the Republican State Convention. Mr. Oleott is a middle aged gentleman of long experience in school matters. He graduated years ago from Asbury—now DePaul University—and is a thorough scholar, a practical thinker, a progressive man. He was editor of the Educational Weekly at Indianapolis for some time. He has filled the position of Superintendent of the Greencastle City Schools for the past three years. He understands the workings of our public school system as well as any man in the State, and will make a strong race if nominated. *Bloomfield News.*

## The Western Art Movement.

Mr. Ripley Hitchcock, of New York, was recently commissioned by the Century to visit our Western cities and report upon the art movement in progress there. The result of this visit is recorded in an illustrated paper in the August (Midsummer) Century, from which we quote the following: "Eastern advantages are obvious enough, and yet if one cares to follow out comparisons it will be found that the activity represented in the building up of western art museums and schools during the last six years has had no counterpart in the East. Whatever groupings in the dark there may be for a time, this western art movement has gone far enough to insure certain definite results. The importance of art, however the word may be defined, has been publicly recognized. Art collections of various kinds are placed within the reach of the people at large. Facilities for education in art have become accessible. If there were nothing more than this, the results would represent at least an elevating influence.

"But this movement comes at a time when we are rapidly accepting the ideas that training of the hand should accompany training of the brain, and that educated application of art to industry is a valuable economical end. England, Belgium, Germany and France, later, have learned the lesson, and the agents of even Russia are studying the museums and schools of applied art which are in every German city. In the fifteen years since Massachusetts took the hint from South Kensington and made drawing a part of her common school curriculum, these ideas have taken shape in one way or another, West as well as East. All this has met with opposition, of course, as the Boston artists ridiculed the adoption of South Kensington theories and practices. Yet Massachusetts is now building an ample home for her State Normal Art School, and her publicists in speeches and reports are demanding more popular education in art that the State may not lose her supremacy in the finer industries. The same demand is felt and has been answered in a greater or less degree in many of our cities. It is this demand based upon the practical value of art training in industrial work which will broaden the usefulness of the western art museums and schools.

"But there is something more than the familiar argument of money value, the dwelling upon the differences in the compensation of clay-shoveler, brick-maker, tile-maker, potter and sculptor. It is not merely on account of higher wages that this training is so necessary, but to awaken in our people a love of art if only in its simplest forms, an appreciation of beauty of line or color though it may exist in the humblest article in daily use. With this love of beauty aroused by familiarity with the work of our artist artisans, we may hope for the growth of that National Art which, as William Morris rightly said, must, if it deserves its name, take its roots among the people. The collecting of paintings and the making of Artists (with a capital A) have been our first consideration. Now we are beginning at the beginning, and something is being done to make art tell in the daily lives of the people about us. The task of the West is to help in substituting a vital principle for the idea of art as something 'appealing only to the connoisseur, unintelligible to the masses, who pass before it as though it were some splendid idol weird and dumb.'"

Mutton-leg sleeves are striding back to fashion. Fields are scarce, but those who write to the Editor of the Century, for full information about work which they can do, and live at home, will pay a visit to the Editor of the Century, who has earned over \$100 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of many little fortunes. All is new.

**FREE MEN ONLY**  
**THE PASTILLES**  
**CURE**  
**TRADE MARK**  
**FOR**  
**NERVOUS DEBILITY**  
**AND**  
**RUPTURED PERSONS CAN HAVE FREE**

INVALIDS' HOTEL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTION.

This widely celebrated institution, located at Buffalo, N. Y., is organized with a full staff of eighteen experienced and skillful physicians and surgeons, constituting the most complete organization of medical and surgical skill in America, for the treatment of all chronic diseases, whether requiring medical or surgical means for their cure. Marvellous success has been achieved in the cure of all nasal, throat and lung diseases, liver and kidney diseases, diseases of the digestive organs, bladder diseases, diseases peculiar to women, blood taints and skin diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous debility, paralysis, epilepsy (fits), spermatorrhea, impotency and kindred affections. Thousands are cured at their homes through correspondence. The cure of the worst ruptures, pile tumors, varicocele, hydrocele and strictures is guaranteed, with only a short residence at the institution. Send 10 cents in stamps for the Invalids' Guide book (168 pages), which gives all particulars. Address, World's Dispensary Medical association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Galeo, who fired a revolver in the Paris bourse several months ago, has been sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude.

The great sources of the extensive curative range of Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic are its great blood purifying qualities and its gentle aperitive action, thereby removing all restraint from the secretive organs, curing promptly and thoroughly dyspepsia, costiveness, bad breath, piles, pimples, low spirits, sick and nervous headache, ague malaria and all stomach liver and kidney troubles. The most delicate stomach accepts it with relish. Price 50 cts. of J. E. Allen & Co.

A son of Edwin M. Stanton is said to contemplate publishing letters from his father's private papers.

"It is as harmless as it is effective," is what is said of Red Star Cough Cure by Dr. S. K. Fox, D. D., Analytical Chemist, Washington, D. C. Price, twenty-five cents.

A Lewiston (Me.) man recently cuffed the ears of his wife because she talked of baseball at the tea-table.

## A MERCHANT'S OPINION.

Mr. B. F. Nourse, General Western Agent Royal Baking Powder Co., writes: "I have never found so great results from physicians' prescriptions and attendance upon our children, as I have after a few days' use of Papillon (extract of flax) Skin Cure. I cannot describe to you medically what it has done for us, but can say that years of treatment have not accomplished what Papillon has done after a few applications." Large bottles only \$1.00, at all drug stores.

John A. Logan, Jr., has become a partner in a loan and real estate firm of Washington.

"For economy and comfort, we use Hood's Sarsaparilla," writes an intelligent Buffalo, N. Y., lady. 100 doses one dollar.

Not for many years has Long's Peak, Col., been so bare of snow as at present.

A disease of so delicate a nature as stricture of the urethra should only be entrusted to those of large experience and skill. By our improved methods we have been enabled to speedily and permanently cure hundreds of the worst cases. Pamphlet, references and terms, 10 cents in stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

South Africa exports annually \$3,500,000 worth of ostrich feathers.

Judge a government by the men it produces. Judge a man by his deeds, a tree by its fruits, a medicine by its results. Time tried and true is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which contains the good qualities of all the best cough remedies without the defects of any of them. A safe and speedy remedy for coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. Sold by J. E. Allen & Co. in fifty cent and dollar bottles. pHealing to the lungs. Safe and pleasant for children.

The room in which Grant died remains untouched in every detail.

The virtues of St. Jacobs Oil, as proclaimed by millions of restored sufferers, should induce every one to supply his household with this great specific. It conquers pain.

The poet Saxe sees no visitors and rarely leaves his room.

## A CARD

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you. It is called "The Great Remedy" and is a discovery of a medical genius of this America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

**RED STAR**  
**TRADE MARK**  
**COUGH CURE**  
**Free from Opium, Emetics and Poison.**  
**SAFE.**  
**SURE.**  
**PROMPT.**  
**25 Cts.**  
**AT ALL DRUGGISTS.**  
**THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.**

**ST. JACOBS OIL**  
**TRADE MARK**  
**THE GREAT**  
**GERMAN REMEDY**  
**For Pain**  
**Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Gout, Gravel, etc.**  
**PRICE, FIFTY CENTS.**  
**THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.**

**Wanted!**  
**Agents and customers for A I**  
**Non-compact Fire Insurance.**  
**For the "Mutual Reserve Fund Life Insurance Co." the best in America. For the "Order of Tontu" pays \$25.00 per week sick benefit—\$1000 in seven years. Don't die to win. Apply to GRUBBS, PATTON & Co., 31 Circle St., Indianapolis, Indiana.**  
**4w24**

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**4w24**

## TIME TABLE.

**MONROE ROUTE**  
**LOUISVILLE NEW HAVEN & CHICAGO RY.**

Condensed Time Table, Dec. 6, 1885.

## TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

Chicago.....	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Cedar Lake.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Monon.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Mich. City.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Delphi.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Frankfort.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Indianapolis.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Cincinnati.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Lafayette.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Crawfordsville.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Greencastle.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Bloomington.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Bedford.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Artichoke.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Orleans.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Salem.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
New Albany.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.
Louisville.....	11:35 a.m.	11:35 p.m.

## TRAINS NORTHWARD.

Louisville.....	7:10 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
New Albany.....	7:25 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Salem.....	7:40 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Orleans.....	7:55 a.m.	8:15 p.m.
Bedford.....	8:10 a.m.	8:30 p.m.
Bloomington.....	8:25 a.m.	8:45 p.m.
Greencastle.....	8:40 a.m.	9:00 p.m.
Crawfordsville.....	8:55 a.m.	9:15 p.m.
Lafayette.....	9:10 a.m.	9:30 p.m.
Monon.....	9:25 a.m.	9:45 p.m.
Cincinnati.....	9:40 a.m.	10:00 p.m.
Indianapolis.....	9:55 a.m.	10:15 p.m.
Frankfort.....	10:10 a.m.	10:30 p.m.
Delphi.....	10:25 a.m.	10:45 p.m.
Mich. City.....	10:40 a.m.	11:00 p.m.
Cedar Lake.....	10:55 a.m.	11:15 p.m.
Chicago.....	11:10 a.m.	11:30 p.m.

+ Runs daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Trains are run on Central (Standard) Time. Solid trains with Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains and Pullman Parlor Cars on day trains, are run between Chicago and Louisville. Through Coaches and Pullman Sleeping Cars between Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati. Tickets Sold and Baggage



# THE FARMERS' AND CITIZENS' Building, Loan Fund and Savings Association.

OF GREENCASTLE, INDIANA.

Organized April 21, 1884.

Incorporated under the laws of the State of Indiana.

## CAPITAL STOCK, \$1,000,000.00.

Issued in shares of \$200.00. Shares payable in installments of 50 cents per week.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Dr. G. C. SMYTHE, Physician and Surgeon.  
JAMES A. CURTIS, of Renick, Curtis & Co., and director Cen. Nat. Bank.  
GEORGE E. BLAKE, Real Estate, Insurance and Loan Agent.  
H. S. RENICK, Hardware Merchant.  
SAMUEL CATHERWOOD, Director of First National Bank.  
D. L. HARRIS, of Harris & Co., Millers.  
D. W. LOVETT, Cashier Central National Bank.  
THOMAS BAYNE, Lumber merchant.  
JAMES M. OWENS, Proprietor of Commercial Hotel.  
B. F. CORWIN, of Lewis & Corwin, Attorneys at Law.  
GEORGE BICKNELL, Dealer in Agricultural Implements.

OFFICERS:

Dr. G. C. SMYTHE, President. SAMUEL CATHERWOOD, Vice Pres.  
GEO. E. BLAKE, Secretary. H. S. RENICK, Treasurer.

OBJECTS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

The object of the association is to afford all who may become members the opportunity of obtaining by weekly payments (payments can be made weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually at the option of the member, but when this option is taken must be made in advance) a capital for the purchase of property; or to invest their savings and receive interest thereon. To advance money to the share-holders. To aid the laboring man to save his rent and become a land owner instead of a renter.

## Special Reasons

—FOR TAKING—

### STOCK IN THE FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

- 1st. The payment of 50 cents each week for about 4½ years will secure the sum of \$200.
- 2nd. In other associations you will have to pay from 6 to 7½ years.
- 3rd. The association loans its money at six percent interest to the member bidding the highest premium.
- 4th. The premiums bid, are paid in weekly installments same as dues.
- 5th. The borrower stands on an equal footing with the non borrower, participating in the profits and receiving his proportional part.
- 6th. The plan upon which the Association is organized is equitable, just and excels all others.
- 7th. The length of time you pay premiums and interest depends upon the age of your stock and amount of premium bid and will not exceed 3½ years at 50 cents premium.
- 8th. In other associations you pay premiums and interest during the life of your stock from 6 to 7½ years. No matter how high the premium, the time is never reduced; while in the Farmers' the time is reduced in proportion to amount of premium paid.
- 9th. The Farmers' does not pay semi-annual dividends, but retains the profit, giving each share credit with its pro rata part thereby enabling the association to compound the profit account and receive the time you would have to pay dues about three years, saving the share holder in dues alone about \$78 on each share of stock.
- 10th. The association being permanent the membership of a stock holder terminates at his option.
- 11th. Stock can be subscribed at any time.
- 12th. Borrower can repay loan at any time without notice.
- 13th. Loans, not exceeding amount of dues paid will be made on stock of the association for any length of time.
- 14th. Now is the time to subscribe for stock. Apply to

G. E. BLAKE, Sec'y, Greencastle, Ind.

Died.

DOBSON—Near Lena, July 23, Thomas Cleveland Dobson aged 15 months.

OLIVER—On Fox Ridge, July 25, Lizzie Oliver, aged 18 years.

Sick and bilious headache cured by Dr. Pierce's "Pellets."

#### NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, Putnam County.

In the Putnam Circuit Court, September term, 1886.

James H. Smith vs. Complaint, No. 3,874, to quiet title.

Now comes the plaintiff, by Lewis & Corwin, his attorneys, and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants, William R. Sutherland, deceased, Jacob Coughlin, deceased, and the unknown heirs of Jacob Coughlin, deceased, are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants, that unless they be and appear, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1886,

The 13th judicial day of the next term of the Putnam Circuit Court, to be held on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1886, at the Court House in Greencastle, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said Court, at Greencastle this 27th day of July, A. D. 1886.

JOHN W. LEE, Clerk.

34-35 By M. E. RUDISILL, Deputy.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, Putnam County.

In the Putnam Circuit Court, Sept. Term 1886.

John W. Wallace vs. Complaint No. 3867, to quiet title.

Now comes the plaintiff, by Lewis & Corwin, his attorneys, and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants, Hannah Parrish, Larkin Parrish, Henry Dorsett, Elizabeth Dorsett, Rachel Duty, William Duty, the unknown heirs of Rachel Duty, deceased, James Dorsett, Matilda Dorsett, the unknown heirs of Wiley Foster, deceased; Amanda Hurst, Allen Hurst, the unknown heirs of James McCamack, deceased; the unknown heirs of Jos. Shackelford, deceased; the unknown heirs of Luttreck Shackelford, deceased; the unknown heirs of Duty Dorsett, deceased, are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident defendants, that unless they be and appear, on the seventh judicial day of the next term of the Putnam Circuit Court, to be held on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1886, the same being

SEPTEMBER 13, 1886,

at the Court House in Greencastle, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said Court, at Greencastle, this 19 day of July, A. D. 1886.

JOHN W. LEE, Clerk.

34-35 By M. E. RUDISILL, Deputy.

#### RICH MEN OF EUROPE.

The Enormous Wealth of the Rothschilds and the Nobles.

For many years the richest individual in all Russia was Herr Steiglitz. When he retired from affairs in 1880 he held property to the value of nearly 2,000,000 pounds sterling. But the richest men in the land of the czars at the present time are the two Noble brothers. They are of Swiss origin. While traveling through interior Russia they saw thousands of acres of land aglow with the light of oil gas. They at once purchased entire districts of the apparently worthless fields, sunk oil wells, and now control more petroleum than any other concern in the world. Their wealth is really beyond calculation, though a correspondent thinks that 80,000,000 pounds sterling is not an extravagant estimate.

It is to the Rothschilds, however, that belongs the honor of being richest among men. Their united properties—and their properties must be considered as united from rather peculiar family and business relations—pass even beyond the millions. In the last twelve years they have loaned to certain European governments nearly 90,000,000 pounds sterling. Their lordly power is shown in modern instances. In 1866 the Prussian government demanded an indemnity of 5,000,000 pounds sterling from the city of Frankfurt. The head of the Rothschild house in that city sent word to Count Bismarck that if any attempt was made to force the levy he would break every bank in Berlin, and Bismarck was compelled to give way. The enormous wealth of the Rothschilds is doubly remarkable from the fact that the family was totally unknown a century ago. Inferior only to the Rothschilds are the Baring brothers, who have at "instantaneous command" 60,000,000 pounds sterling. It is noteworthy that the Barings owe their commercial rise to an American, Mr. William Bingham, of Philadelphia, who many years ago had the house appointed the American agency in London.

Among the richest of monarchs is the czar of Russia, who enjoys from his personal estate an income of 2,000,000 pounds sterling. The sultan of Turkey is allowed for the support of his court over 1,200,000 pounds sterling. In addition to this he has a private income of 1,000,000 pounds sterling. The emperor of Austria is granted a yearly allowance of 2,500,000 pounds sterling.

There are several noblemen in England who have immense wealth at their command. The dukes of Buccleuch, Devonshire and Norfolk and the marquis of Bute have each of them rent rolls of 400,000 pounds sterling per annum. The duke of Portland, who died recently, left unentailed property of over 2,000,000 pounds sterling. The greater part of his palace was constructed underground. His banquet hall, ballroom, riding-school and a number of superb guest-rooms are veritable tunnels, decorated in a fashion so splendid as to seem, when described, like a story of the Magi.

Richer even than any of these millionaires is the duke of Westminster, who undoubtedly has the largest income of any individual in the world. His fortune lies largely in the diametrically opposite regions of London known as the West End and Seven Dials. He owns acres upon acres of the most aristocratic domain in London, and his tenements cover miles in the world. His income quite passes the limit of the credible, and is said by some to amount to 10 pounds sterling a minute.—London Times.

#### Pineapple Cheese and Wine.

A great delicacy is Edam cheese and wine. The usual Edam cheese, or pine apple cheese will do, is opened by cutting the top off so as to serve as a lid, and then a little port or sherry wine is poured into a hole made by scooping out a dessert spoonful of the middle. This is left to stand and soak awhile, and afterwards, as fast as the cheese is used, more wine is poured in. If the cheese is an old one (and an Edam or pineapple cheese is not good for any purpose unless it be old), the wine will soak into it and take the place of the original moisture that has dried out. It will be impossible, until you taste it, to conceive the exquisite effect of the combination. It is eaten with water biscuit, which by the way are to be found on all bachelor tables this year, because they seem naturally to go with all sorts of drinkables and with all cheeses, salt or smoked meats and most sweets.—Detroit Free Press.

#### Salutary Effects of Water Drinking.

Those who have morbid conditions of the stomach and bowels, which do not so far impair the general vigor as to prevent attention being given to ordinary duties of life, can often use large draughts of water, especially in the morning, with manifest advantage. Obstinate constipation is thereby removed, the normal peristaltic motions of the bowels are restored, and the secretions may be vastly improved. We notice the salutary influence of water drinking upon many of those who resort to the so-called mineral springs which abound in the country. It is not necessary that these springs should hold abnormal quantities of salts of any kind to effect cures; it is only necessary that the water should be pure.—Exchange.

#### Political Difference Between Relatives.

It was a strange thing that at one time the anti-slavery champion in congress, John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, and the pro-slavery champion, Barnwell Rhett, of South Carolina, should have been the descendants of two brothers. One was descended from Thomas Smith, colonial governor of South Carolina, and the other from his brother, James Smith, who moved from the province of South Carolina to the province of Massachusetts.—Allanta Constitution.

#### Not Best to Stand Continuously.

A statesman who has a well-developed propensity for sitting, has defined standing as a combination of "the stagnation of rest with the fatigue of exercise," and considers it a very bad thing to stand continuously at any pursuit.—Chicago Times.

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Money will be loaned on the first Tuesday in each month.

Premiums are payable weekly at the same time as dues.

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The borrower receives cash to the full amount of the face of his note.

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